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### NAVAL AIR STATION ALAMEDA'S MATERIAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

Richard T. Macon



# NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California



## **THESIS**

NAVAL AIR STATION ALAMEDA'S MATERIAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

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Richard T. Macon

December 1979

Thesis Advisor:

A. W. McMasters

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Naval Air Station Alameda's Material Distribution System

bу

Richard T. Macon Lieutenant, United States Navy B.S., University of Texas at Austin, 1972

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN MANAGEMENT

from the

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL December 1979

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#### I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Navy Supply Center Oakland assumed the wholesale aviation supply function of Naval Air Station Alameda on 1 October 1979 [1]. MSC Oakland and NAS Alameda are prototype activities in a plan to consolidate and mechanize the wholesale supply functions of collocated Industrial Naval Air Stations (INAS) and Navy Supply Centers (NSC) at Oakland, San Diego, and Norfolk. The implementation of the consolidation plan is based upon the recommendations of the Department of Defense Material Distribution Study (DODMDS)[1].

The DODMDS examined the capacity, operational assets, and transportation costs associated with 34 major DOD wholesale activities. The three-year study was completed in March 1978. Essentially, it determined the number and location of wholesale activities necessary to provide efficient and cost effective distribution of material.

The consolidation is not to downgrade the current supply support to the wholesale customers, the primary one of concern at Alameda is the associated Naval Air Rework Facility [1]. In an effort to determine the current supply support (prior to the consolidation) NSC Oakland, NAS Alameda, NARY Alameda and Naval Station Mare Island were studied. Each of these locations was studied with respect to a variety of areas. Some of these were the customer response times, the costs of material shortage, and the transportation costs.



This thesis presents the results of a study of the material distribution system through which NAS Alameda provided supply support to their customers before the consolidation. The following were the prime objectives of the study:

- (1) Define the existing material and document flow to local customers, including distances, times and volume.
  - (2) Determine the costs, both indirect and direct.
- (3) Determine any possible improvements. Primarily reducing the delivery time to the customers and reducing costs.

The detailed results of this study will be presented in Chapter II of this thesis. Chapter III summarizes the results of the study, and draws conclusions.



#### II. NAVAL AIR STATION ALANEDA'S MATERIAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

This chapter describes the Material Distribution System at the Naval Air Station Alameda, and is divided into two parts. The first part will deal with defining the system. The second part will discuss the cost of this system. In both of these parts NAS Alameda's System will be divided into the divisions and branches responsible, and these will be discussed separately.

#### A. DEFINITION OF THE SYSTEM

NAS Alameda's Distribution System will be defined by first describing the organizational structure of NAS Alameda's Supply Department (also referred to as NAS Supply) and of Naval Air Rework Facility Alameda (NARF). The overall material flow processes on the Station will then be presented and discussed. Finally, the actual movement of material between various buildings will be discussed.

#### 1. Organizational Structure

#### a. Supply Department

NAS Alameda's Supply Department is divided into six divisions. These are the Administrative and Planning Division, the Material Division, the Control Division, the Aviation Support Division, the Food Service Division, and the Fuel Division. Figure 1 shows in more detail NAS's Supply Department Organization. Of these six divisions the



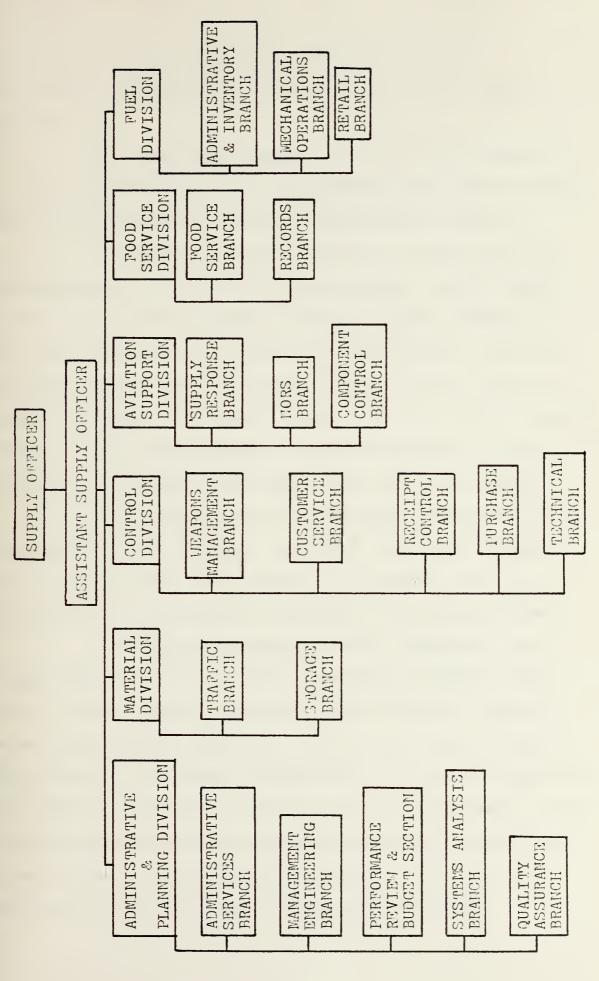


Figure 1



two that are directly involved with NAS's Material

Distribution System are the Material and Aviation Support

Divisions.

The Material Division consists of two branches; the Traffic Branch and the Storage Branch. An organizational chart of the Material Division is presented in Figure 2.

The Traffic Branch is basically responsible for receiving and sorting all incoming material and for transporting all Navy Supply Issue Group II and III material to the local customers on the station. Issue Group I material is transported by both the Traffic Branch and the Aviation Support Division. The Traffic Branch and the Aviation Support Division. The Traffic Branch is also responsible for the packing and shipping of materials leaving the air station.

The Storage Branch is basically responsible for the storage of all materials stocked by the Supply Department. This includes the placement of material into the warehouses and the picking of material from the warehouses.

The Aviation Support Division consists of the Supply Response Branch, the Not Operationally Ready Supply (NORS) Branch, and the Component Control Branch. Figure 3 is an organizational chart for the Aviation Support Division. This division is basically responsible for directly supporting the aviation units while they are on board NAS Alameda. This involves many operations from expediting supply requisitions to monitoring a component repair program. The function most directly involved with the Station's material



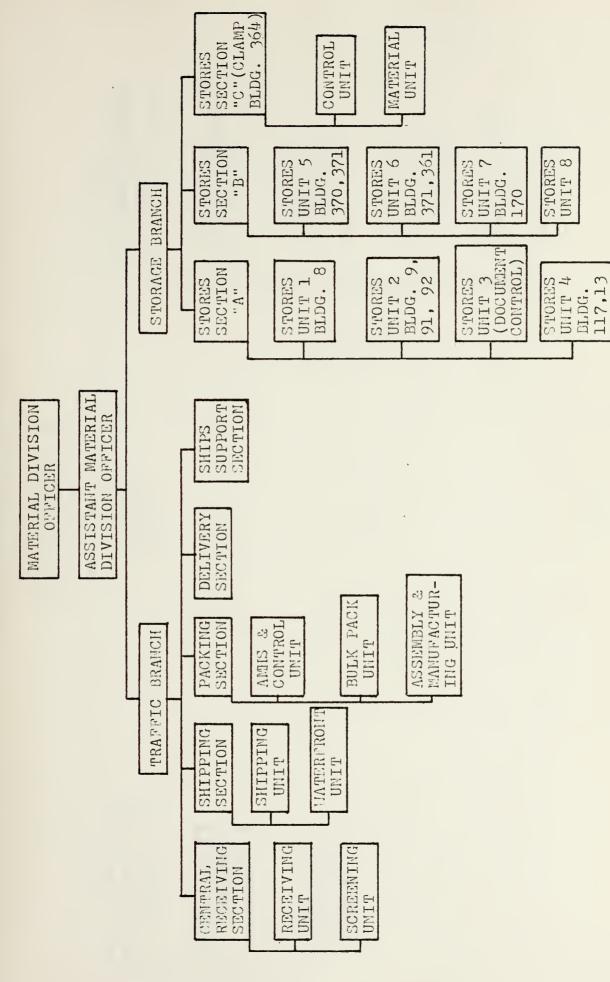


Figure 2



16

Figure 3



distribution system is the pickup and delivery of aircraft components. This is one of the responsibilities of the Supply Response Branch and more specifically, the Material Delivery Section. The Material Delivery Section delivers Ready For Use (RFU) components to the aviation squadrons at the Station and picks up the broke but repairable components. These broken components are then delivered to the repair activities on the Station.

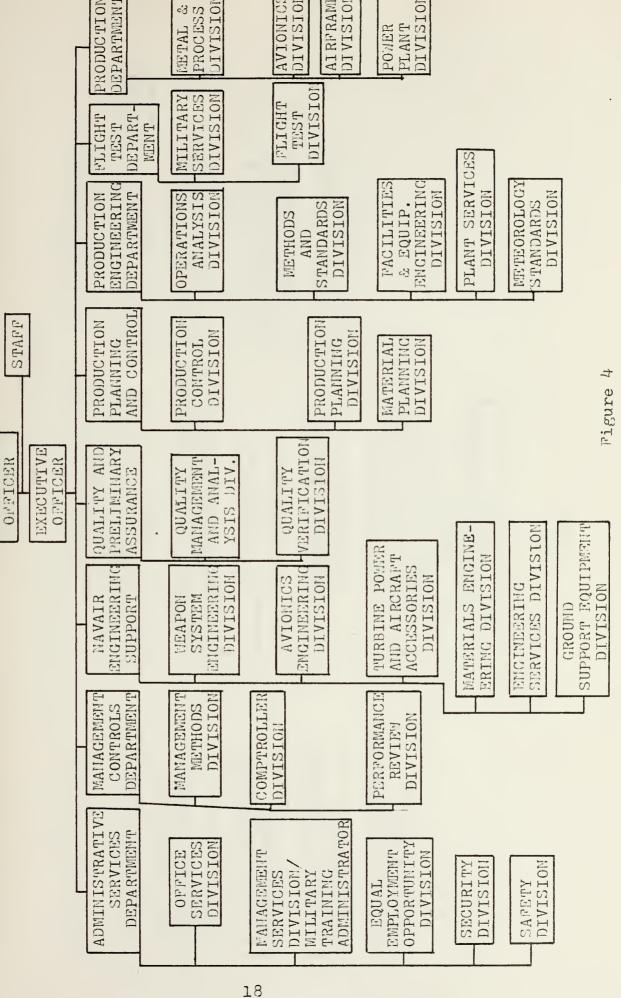
## b. NARF

The Naval Air Rework Facility, Alameda consists of eight departments as shown in Figure 4. These departments are the Administrative Services Department, the Management Controls Department, the Naval Air System Command, the Engineering Support Office, the Quality and Reliability Assurance Department, the Production Planning and Control Department, the Production Engineering Department, the Flight Test Department, and the Production Department.

The Production Planning and Control Department is primarily involved with NAS Alameda's Material Distribution System and consists of three divisions (see Figure 5). They are the Production Control Division, the Production Planning Division and the Material Planning Division. Within the Production Control Division is the Transportation Branch which is basically responsible for the movement of aircraft, aircraft components and supplies inside NARF. This includes the movement of components between NARF shops and the initial distribution of items received from NAS Supply.



COMMANDING





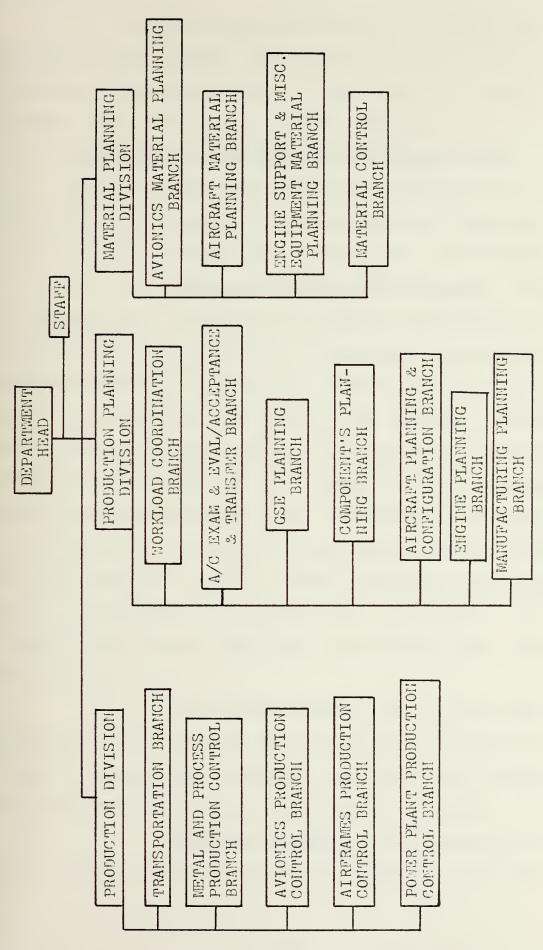


Figure 5



Within the Material Planning Division is the Material Control Branch. This branch is involved with the ordering of materials and the initial sorting of items received from the Station's Supply Department.

- 2. <u>Definition of the Material and Document Flow</u>

  To fully define the material and document flow at

  NAS Alameda flow charts will be presented and discussed.
  - a. NAS Alameda Supply Department's Flow Process
- of materials and documents which involve the Materials
  Division starts with material and documents arriving at NAS
  Alameda Receiving, building 368, section A and B (the east end). (See Appendix C for a map of NAS Alameda). Material and documents will arrive from off station by a variety of transportation modes. The most common are commercial trucks, Navy trucks and commercial rail. Naterial and documents come from a variety of civilian and military locations. It arrives via many means with the most common being the United States
  Mail, the Department of Defense (DOD) "Quick-Trans," the United Postal Service (UPS), and the Military Ccean Terminal-Bay Area (MOTBA).

The Material Division has various time standards within which it conducts its various operations.

Table I presents these standards along with the corresponding actual average times for the Material Division.

On-station Material. The Receiving Section is a convenient place to start a description of the flow



	Response time from Reference 2 Standard times locally impossed	Response time from Reference $\mu$	Response Time from Reference 3		
REMARK	Response tin Reference 2 Standard tin impossed	Response tin Reference 4	Response Tir Reference 3		
STANDARD TIME	85% moved within 7 calendar days	None	2 h hours	5 calendar days	20 to 30 calendar days
RESPONSE TIME	87% moved within 7 calendar days 0.9 days average processing time	Within 1 working	24 hours	5 working days	30 working days
SECTION	Receiving	Delivery	Shipping IG1	162	163



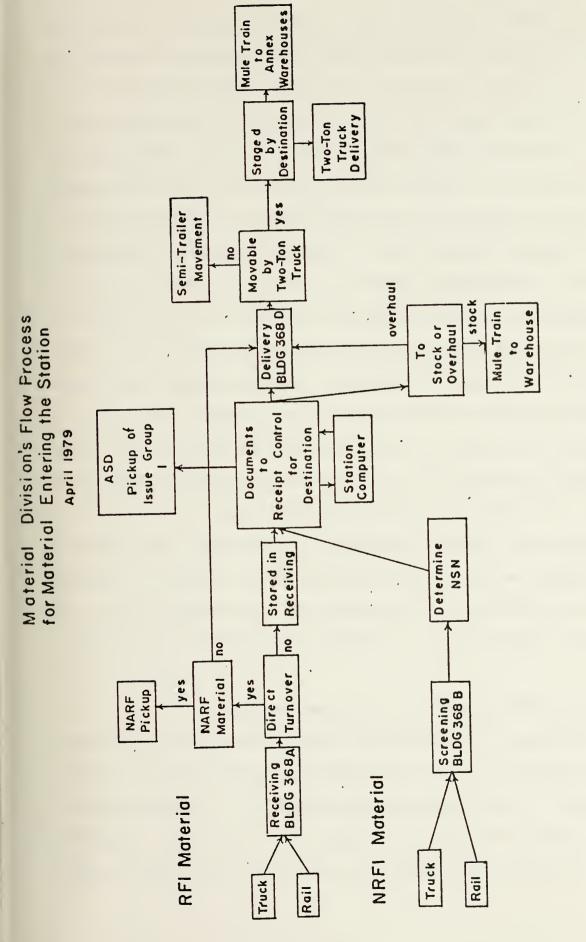


Figure 6



process of incoming material. (See Figure 5) This section off-loads the material and first determines whether it is direct turnover (DTO) material. If it is, then it is immediately moved by forklift to the Delivery Section in building 368, section C. The material that is not DTO is placed in a area marked by row and column, on the floor of building 368. A record is kept of each location and the accompaning documents are sent to the Receipt Control Branch. (Receipt Control is part of the Supply Department's Control Division and is located in a mezzanine area in building 368A). It is the responsibility of the Receipt Control Branch to update the Supply Department's computer records and query the computer as to where the material should be sent. The choices at this point are to send it to stock, to a local customer, or to ship it to a non-local customer.

After the destination is determined, the documents are relayed, via a pneumatic tube to the Receiving Branch. A delivery slip (12ND NASA 4613/24: See Appendix E) is then attached and the material is delivered by forklift truck to the Delivery Section in building 368, section C.

Once the material with documentation has reached the Delivery Section, the material is staged on the floor by row according to destination (e.g., building number or ship number). If the material is Issue Group I and for a Squadron Base then it is placed in designated shelves in building 368A and is picked up for delivery at least hourly



by the Aviation Support Division drivers [6]. The other material is delivered by Delivery Section using thirteen 2 ton-trucks and one mule train. If the material is delivered to a nearby warehouse the station's computer is updated as to its location with an IBM punch card supplied by the Receipt Control Branch.

The Screening Branch is also located in building 368, but in section B. The Screening Branch's function is the same as the Receiving Branch but is only for non-operative repairable material (condition coded F and E). This branch also has the added function of determining the National Stock Number (NSN) or part number, before notifying Receipt Control Branch. The flow process is the same except one mule train ( a small tow tractor with several four-wheel trailers behind it) delivers material to the F and E warehouses instead of the Delivery Branch.

Off-station Material. Besides being involved in the distribution of materials to the local customers and station warehouses the Material Division is involved in getting materials off-station. Since a main concern of this thesis is the response to the local customer, this portion concerned with getting material off-station will be brief.

A convenient place to start discussing the flow off-station is at the Packing Branch (See Figure 7). The Packing Branch, located in building 368, section D, receives material from every activity on the station. If the material to be placed is coming from NAS Supply



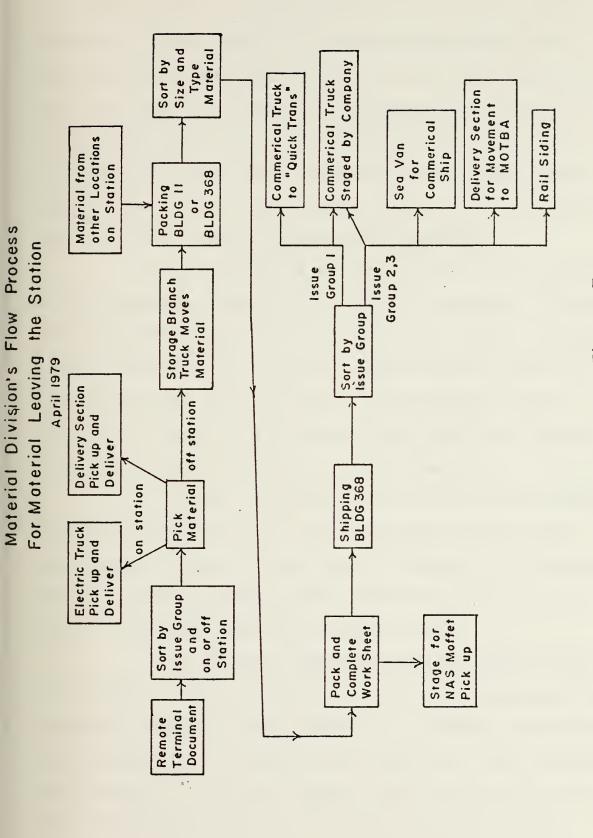


Figure 7



warehouses (controlled by the Storage Branch), then remote computer terminals for each warehouse generate the issue documents. Issue Group I documents are processed with high priority while Issue Groups II and III are processed when time permits. Items to be shipped off-station are picked up from the warehouses and delivered to the packing section by 2 two-ton stake trucks operated by the Storage Branch. One of these trucks makes routine rounds of the warehouses while the other handles Issue Group I material.

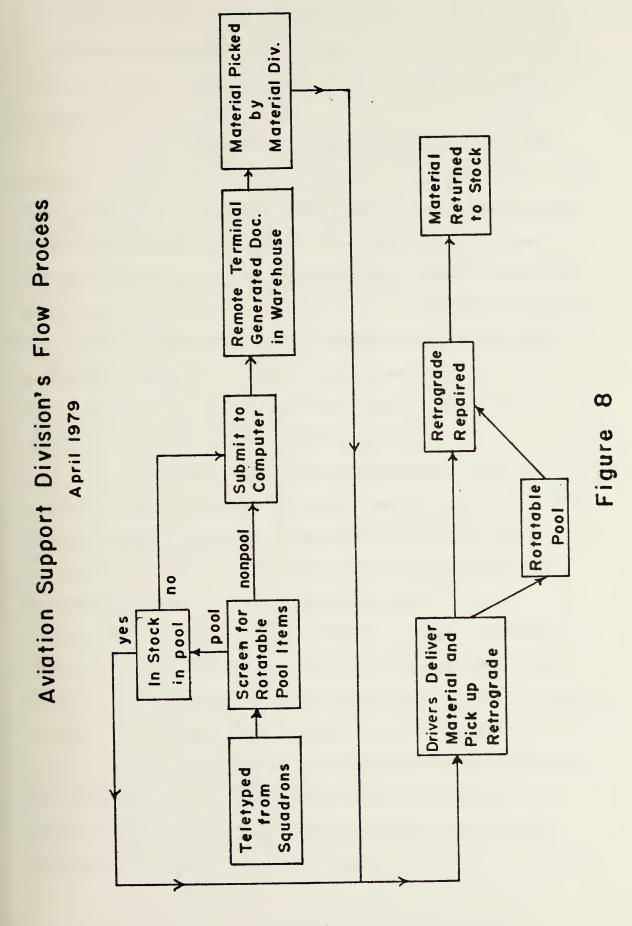
In addition to packing each item or passing it on as packed, a packing work sheet is prepared. This work sheet contains information such as weight, volume, shipping classification and destination. After the work sheet is completed the material is moved to the Shipping Section in building 368, section E. The NARF and other activities on the Station also pack certain types of material.

Once the material is in the Shipping Branch the DOD Priority Group is determined and combined with destination's location and a mode of shipment is determined. The most common modes are DOD "Quick-Trans," commercial truck, commercial ship, and military ship.

(2) <u>Aviation Support Division's Flow Process</u>.

The Aviation Support Division's (ASD) flow of materials and documents starts with the receipt of a material requisition via teletype from a squadron (See Figure 8). Each squadron has access to a teletype; however, ASD's offices (in building 41) only have one teletype per hangar (a total of six), with







each hanger housing two or more squadrons. This sharing of teletypes at the ASD office causes some delays although these tend to be very short, usually less than fifteen minutes [7].

After the teletype requisition has been received the NSN is screened against a rotatable pool listing to determine if the ordered material is a pool item or not. If the ordered material is a pool item, a driver from ASD's Material Delivery Section hand-carries a copy of the teletype requisition to the rotatable pool (located in building 41), draws the material (if in stock) and then delivers it to the proper squadron. If the required material is not in stock, then the driver returns the copy to ASD's Not Operationally Ready Supply (NORS) Section.

The MORS Section submits all requisitions to the Station's computer via their remote terminal. The computer checks its stock records and processes issue documents at a remote terminal in the proper warehouse. The average time for this computer's action is 45.3 minutes [4]. An ASD Delivery Section driver dispatched from building 41 will pick up the ordered material after the Material Division's Storage Branch has picked the material. The ASD's driver delivers the material to the ordering squadron and picks up any retrograde (Not Ready For Issue but repairable material). The retrograde is then returned to the rotatable pool or the Aircraft Intermediate Maintenance Department (AIMD) for repairs. (The rotatable pool does not



repair the material, it only inducts and tracks the repair that AIND performs). Both the rotatable pool and AIND are located in building 41. ASD has the following response time standards: Issue Group I: one hour, Issue Group II: two hours, and Issue Group III: 12 hours [8].

## b. NARF's Internal Flow Process

Before the internal flow process at NARF Alameda can be discussed the structure of NARF's internal system should be described. NARF orders all its materials through three Material Control Centers (MCC). These MCCs are located in buildings 5, 400 and 168 and are designated A, F and L, respectively. Material is also received at each of these MCCs in addition to building 500, the central receiving area. From each of these four receipt points material is distributed by the Transportation Branch of the NARF.

When material arrives at building 500 or a MCC it is sorted according to internal route location (See Figure 9 for a flow diagram). These locations are identified by the last two digits of the material requisition's document number. Appendix G lists the document number and corresponding internal route locations.

If the material is received at building 500 then it is delivered almost immediately to the internal route locations. If the material arrives at a MCC then it is placed in a set of shelves having one cubbyhole for each internal route location. The Transportation Branch then picks up from each MCC and delivers to the route locations.



April 1979

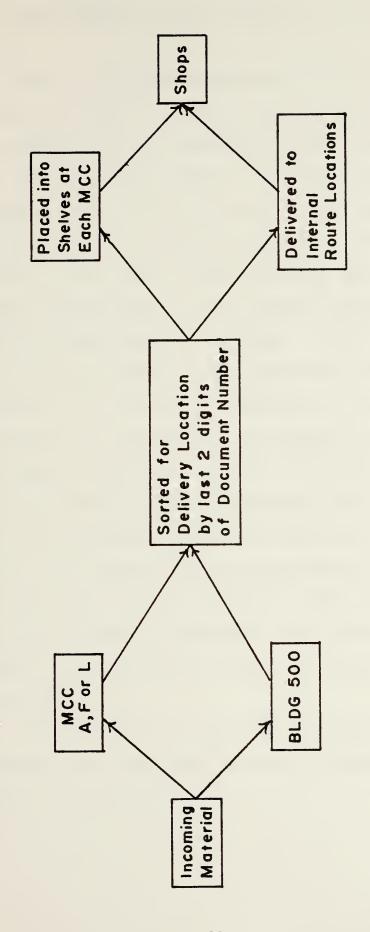


Figure 9



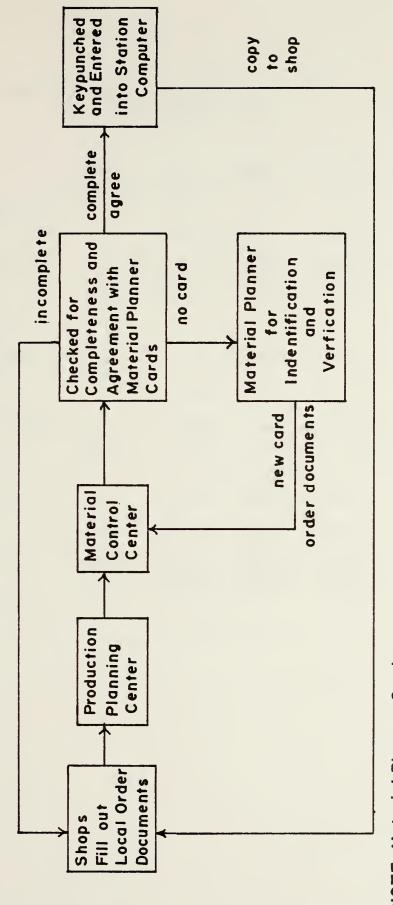
Any special requirements material movements can be dispatched by radio.

NARF's flow process associated with requisitioning material starts with each production shop. The shop determines the required materials and prepares an initial requisition This form is routed first to the responsible Production Planning Center (PPC) and then to the responsible MCC. At the MCC the form is screened against a Material Planner's card. This card is used to verify the requested items National Stock Number or part number, and such a card should exist for each type item ordered. If the requisition form is accurate and complete it is keypunched and fed into a remote terminal to the Station's computer. If the requisition form is incorrect or incomplete it is returned to the shop for corrections and resubmitted to the MCC. In those few instances when no Material Planner's Card is present, the requisition is routed to the Material Planners for identification and verification. The Material Planners then return the requisition and a new Material Planner's Card to the MCC where the order process is completed. This portion of the order process can take up to two weeks, but usually takes about one week 97.

Figure 10 depicts the order process flow.

Various average submission times for this ordering process are contained in Table II.

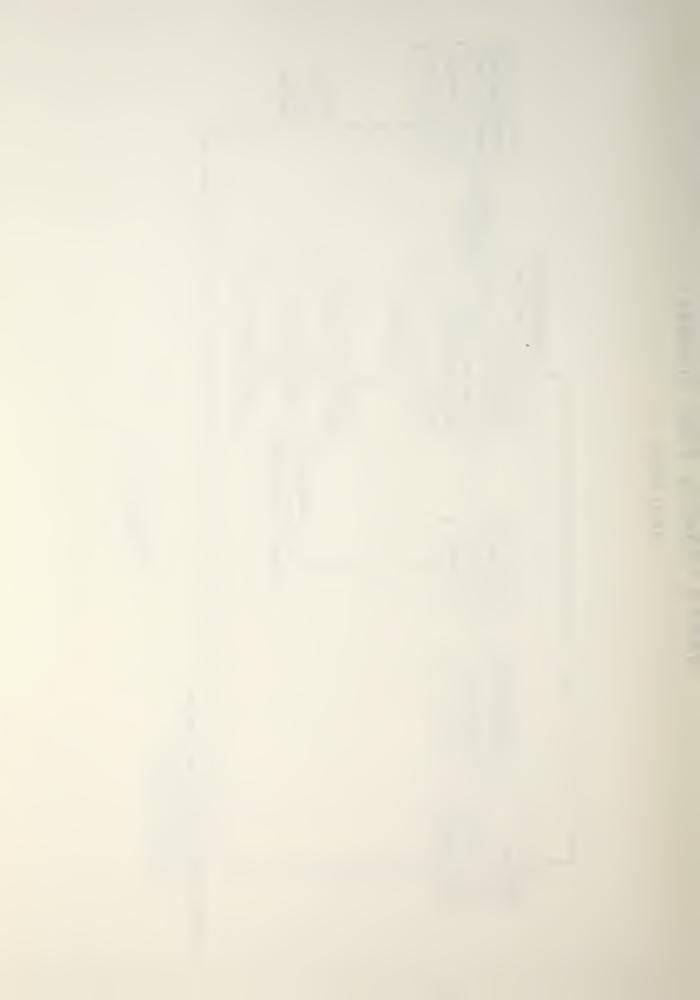




NOTE: Material Planner Cards

are verified and updated yearly

Figure 10



NARF'S REQUISITION SUBMISSION TIMES
FOR APRIL AND MAY 1979
(in hours) Ref. 10

TABLE II

_	MCC	IGI	IGII	IGIII	ALL IG
DOCUMENT DATE	A	132.3	143.8	77.1	120.6
TO	ਜੁ	174.6	124.1	161.8	145.7
MCC TRANSMISSION	L	215.7	179.1	293.4	191.0
	ALL	175.6	155.3	85.1	155.5
MCC TRANSMISSION	А	1.7	2.5	1.1	1.9
TO	Ŧ	2.2	1.2	1.0	1.5
NAS ALAMEDA RECEIPT	Ŀ	0.8	1.7	0.5	1.8
	ALL	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.8
DOCUMENT DATE	A	134.2	145.2	78.1	122.4
TO	F	178.0	125.3	162.7	147.3
NAS ALAMEDA	L	217.5	180.8	293.9	192.4
RECEIPT	ALL	177.6	157.1	86.1	157.1

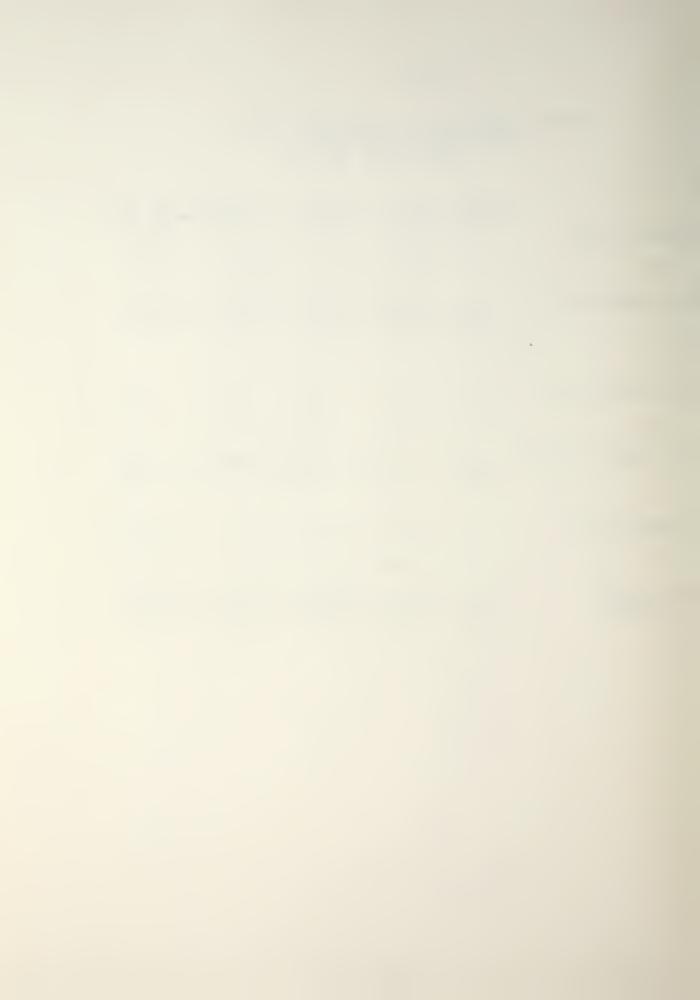


TABLE III

## STORAGE BRANCH'S ELECTRIC TRUCK DELIVERY TIMES APRIL 1979

BUILDING FROM - TO	TIME BETWEEN (MINS)	REMARKS		
8 - 92	3	Common to both trucks Subtotal - 5 mins		
92 - 9	2	Subtotal - 7 mins		
9 - 400	6			
400 - 5	5	One trucks run		
5 <b>-</b> 8	11	Subtotal 23 mins		
9 - 170	5			
170 - 360	3	Other trucks run Subtotal 18 mins		
Total trav	el time	28 23		
Load/unloa	d time*	20 20		
Total round trip Time		48 mins 43 mins		

<sup>\*</sup>Average load/unload time = 5 mins per stop



## 3. The Transportation of Material

The way that material and its associated documents are actually moved around the Station is presented in this section. The established routes will be presented first.

Then the data gathered will be discussed. The data that was gathered consisted mostly of drivers' logs which show the time and the building at which stops were made. As a result, the discussion of this data will consist primarily of where the material goes, how long it takes and the volume of material moved. Because of their differences, the Material Division, the Aviation Support Division and the NARF will be discussed separately.

- a. NAS Supply Department
- (1) <u>Material Division</u>. In the Material Division the actual transportation of material is handled by both the Storage and Traffic Branches. Both branches use fork lift trucks to move material. No effort was made to study this type of movement for two reasons. First, the movement was limited to within and about warehouses. This information would add little to this thesis. Second, the large number (120) of trucks would have required more time than was available.
- (a) Storage Branch. The Storage Branch does use two electric industrial flatbed trucks and 2 two-ton stake trucks to transport material about the base. The two electric trucks are used to deliver material to the NARF's, MCCs and building 360 from building 8, 9, and 92. One



delivers to the NARF's MCC A and F, in buildings 5 and 400 respectively. The other truck delivers to MCC L, in building 168 and to building 360. No records were kept with regards to these electric trucks from which delivery times could be obtained. This made it necessary to ride with the driver. Data from one cycle of each truck was obtained. The data consisted of the building stopped at, the time of arrival and departure, and the number of items carried. This data is contained in Appendix D-1. Table III contains the summary of the movements of these trucks. Both runs take about 50 minutes each for a round trip. Both trucks seemed to be slow, but seldom were parts observed to be waiting more than one hour at the issue points in any of the three warehouses. The volume carried in each run was from two to three trays (18x12x24 inches) of small parts and four to five boxes, too large for a tray. Also the volume remained reasonably constant throughout the day [11].

The 2 two-ton stake trucks are used to take material from all of supply's warehouses (13) to the Packing Section (building 368 D or building 11) for off-station shipment. One stake truck handles Issue Group I material exclusively. The driver of this truck maintains a log of when he arrives at building 8. A page of this log is contained in Appendix D-2. The time between leaving and returning to building 8 averages 60 minutes. This allows any hot item to be moved within one hour by simply leaving a message at building 8 for this driver. No data



was available or collected for the other trucks. No volume data was collected.

(b) Traffic Branch. Two sections of the Traffic Branch transport material around the station. These sections are the Screening Section and the Delivery Section. The Screening Section uses one mule train to transport Not Ready For Issue (NRFI) material to various warehouses on station. No records are kept for this mule train. However, it is not involved with local customer support and hence was not of further interest.

The Delivery Section is responsible for transporting the majority of the NAS Supply Department's material. As of 19 April, 1979 the Delivery Section had an allowance for eleven drivers with ten actually on board. Also, eleven designated routes were in existence at that time. Five of these runs were established on the basis of customer aggregation. Two are miscellaneous runs which incorporated many low volume customers like the base Administration Office, Security and etc. Of the remaining runs, two are for the internal movement of material between NAS Supply warehouses, one is a Mail run for NAS Supply and the last is a run to NSC Oakland. Appendix F contains a complete listing of these routes. The run listings are arranged in the order in which they were discussed.

Out of Building 368. Table IV summarizes the data accumulated from the logs of trucks operating out of building 368. The data used for this



TABLE IV

SUMMARY OF DELIVERY SECTION TRUCK MOVEMENTS OUT OF BLDG. 368

44 Working Days Ending 30 April

		Misc.			7.2		
(		missiles			13.7		
- - - -	rotal	Yellow	10				
	10 %)	Engine Sans	3.0	2.0	5.2		
	Type	Drums	21.1				
nding 30 April   Load		Pig Pens					
	Ĭ	Grates	0.7	2.0 2.9 5.3 14.7	6.2 4.5 13.7 11.9		
		Skids	6.9				
		sts1%	92.4 90 100 96.3	96.1 97.1 94.7 85.3	93.8 76.7 46.5	100 100 100	100
		gange	1-13 1-18 1-8 13-25 1-13	1-6 1-5 1-11 2-6	2-7 2-11 1-7 3-40	2-11 4-6 1-9 1-12	2-6
	Velline	Sam. Stnd. Dev.	2.64 4.18 2.79 6.11 3.04	0.71 0.91 2.27 2.87 0.71	2.08 2.22 2.0 13.13	1.20 1.15 2.17 6.35	2.83 1.00 0.58
		•3vA	5.0 9.6 15.7	46,000	7.9 7.9 7.8	ろかな. 0 m c m	4.5.4
M 7777	rime	Range	7-201 4-51 30-442 10-47 4-133	28-180 19-185 13-402 4-135 18-54	21-151 14-275 11-300 24-296	19-92 41-139 23-145 7-70	76-83 29-91 18-199
Q	nd Trip	Sam. Stnd. Dev.	36.97 11.5 92.97 18.52 28.78	39.89 33.38 72.30 24.32 20.73	28.65 29.06 59.45 68.98	25.16 49.66 51.71 25.11	4.95
<u></u>	Non	•3vA	52.8 21.5 164.0 22.6 23.2	87.7 103.2 93.1 23.3 39.0	56.3 78.2 85.6 88.5	61.7 25.2	79.5 49.2 69.2
		No. of Runs	55 29 10 7	11 60 7	1252	0000	wnr.
		Bldg No.	355 12 351 351 354	PIERS 1 8 370 91	9 168 92 170	41 117 13 371	22 11 338



							•	•	-	_	-	_
40 370-371 168-170	633	70.7 22.8 87.7	37.48 23.9 77-59	58-111 4-47 59-130	67.0	0.78 6.09 1.00	1-5 2-28 6-8	100 100 100				
20, 21, 22, 39,40,41	23	86.2	79.8	59-310	5.7	1.00	5-7	100				
Total	094	-						91.9 0.32 2.99	96.0 0 6	0.51 0.46	94.0	2.4 0.3



table covered a period of 44 days ending on 30 April, 1979. During this time 824 log entries (runs) were made. However, Table IV only contains 460 runs. This excludes runs made less than three times.

From Table IV it can be seen that

NAS Supply warehouses (buildings 369, 361, 364, 8, 370, 91,

9, 168, 92, 170, 117, and 371) received 271 of the 398 runs

(69.1 percent). Also, it can be seen that NARF buildings

(5, 12, 11, and 338) received 75 runs (13.9 percent), and

the other buildings received 52 runs (12 percent). Thus,

it is obvious that the majority of the Delivery Section's

transportation runs are for NAS Supply.

The distribution of the number of load units carried by type is presented in Table V. From this table it can be seen that 85.9 percent of the loads carried were on pallets (flats). This type of load requires the use of a stake truck for ease of loading and unloading. These two-ton trucks are capable of carrying up to six pallets at a time. Since the overall average load carried for this period was 5.2 pallets, this size of truck is well utilized with respect to load.

of the 824 total runs, 430 runs (52 percent) stopped at more than one building (See Table IX).

After comparing these various runs with the established runs of Appendix F it is apparent that only the Squadron Run (the first page of Appendix F) was consistently made. The remainder of these runs appeared to be aggregated by area of the Station.



TABLE V

DELIVERY SECTION LOAD TYPE DISTRIBUTION
OUT OF BLDG 368

44 Vorking Days Ending 30 April

LOAD TYPE	TOTAL NUMBER	PERCENT OF TOTAL
Flats(pallets) (3ftx3ft)	3682	85.9
Skids (3ftx6ft)	34	.79
Crates and Boxes (2cu ft and up)	256	5.97
Pig Pens (3ftx3ftx3ft)	26	.61
Drums (55 gal)	28	.65
Jet Engine Cans (25 cu ft to 120 cu cylinderical in shap		2.87
Ground Support Equipment (various sizes of wheel carts)	7	.16
<pre>Nissiles (1 to 2 sq ft by 8 to 10 ft)</pre>	115	2.68
Miscellaneous	17	.40
TOTAL	4288	



Since the volume waiting to go to each destination was not known; how well the aggregation was done can not be determined. However, the mere layout of the Delivery Section's floor space makes area aggregation easy.

Figures 11 and 12 show the volume distributions with respect to time-of-day and day-of-week respectively. From Figure 11 it can be seen that volume peaks between 0800 and 0830 and between 1300 and 1330, as might be expected. During the remainder of the day the volume is relatively constant. Figure 12 shows that Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday are the peak days.

Not Out of Building 368. Analysis of the logs for the two-ton stake trucks not working out of building 368 was more difficult. Usually only one log entry was made by a driver for each day even though, several stops were probably made during the logged time period. This makes the delivery times between buildings very difficult to determine because of the many unknown factors that are included. For this reason no summary table of how long it took the trucks to deliver to various buildings can be presented. Only the volume distribution with respect to day-of-week can be determined. It is shown in Figure 13. From Figure 13 it can be seen that volume for each day is relatively constant with Thursday being the slow day.

Off-Station. The logs that were kept concerning off-station runs are the Vehicle/Equipment Request and Record (NAVFAC 9-11240/1; 3-68). A copy is



Delivery Section
Out of BLDG 368

Time-of-Day Distribution
44 working days ending 30 April

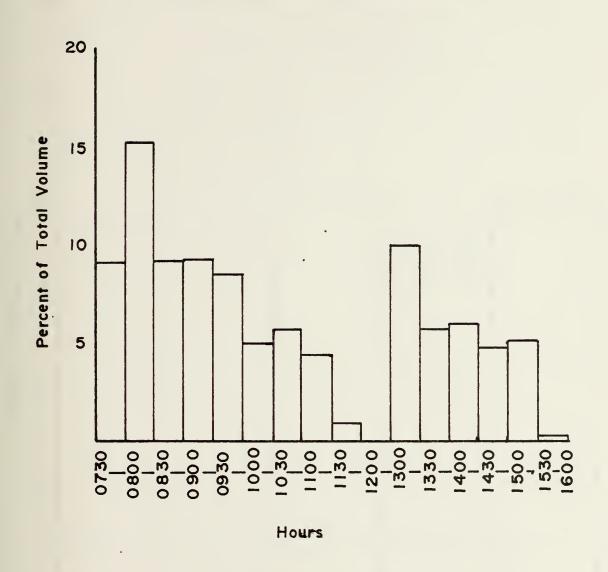


Figure II



Delivery Section
Out of BLDG 368
Day-of-Week Distribution

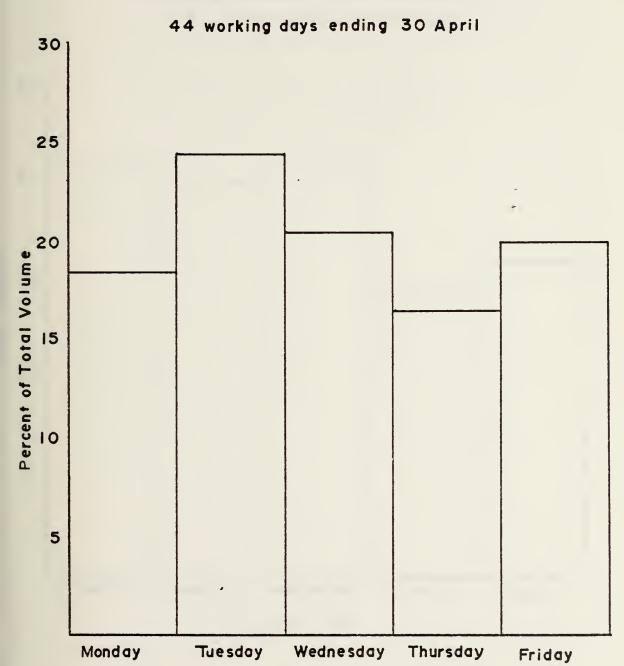


Figure 12

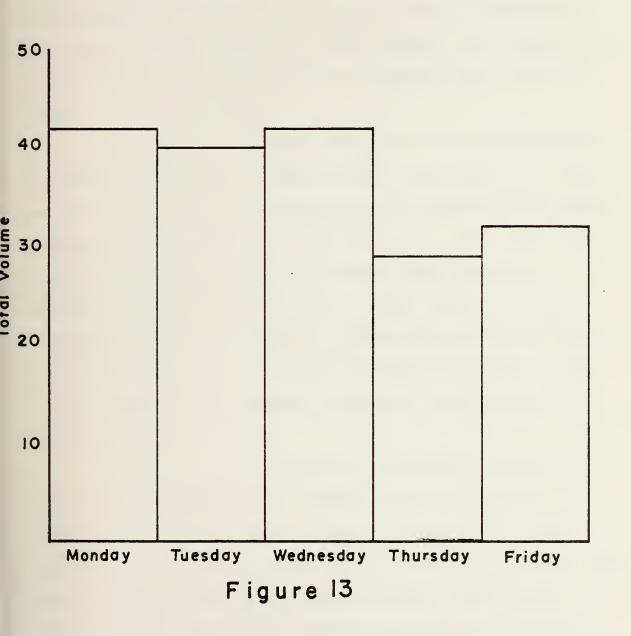


Delivery Section

Not Out of BLDG 368

Day-of-Week Distribution

44 working days ending 30 April





provided in Appendix D-5. Since this log does not contain any information on how much material, what type, and which local customer, only the off-station destination, distances and times were analyzed. Table VI contains a summary of the off-station runs (generally by city within the Bay Area). Figures 14 and 15 contain the number of runs distributions with respect to time-of-day and day-of-week, respectively. The period of time covered by this analysis is 60 days ending on 30 April, 1979. During that time period 122 runs were made.

Further analysis of this off-station log gives a mean of 2.4 trips per day and a mode of 2 trips per day. The mean miles per day is 78.2 miles with a sample standard deviation of 44.73 miles per day. Also, the mean hours expended per day is 10.4 with a sample standard deviation of 44.73 miles per day. Also, the mean hours expended per day is 10.4 with a sample standard deviation of 3.31 hours per day. Basically, what this means is that two men spend on the average 5.2 hours a day driving 39.1 miles.

In Table VI the average round trip time and distance for Naval Supply Center appear high because only one log entry is made per day. The logged period of time was 7½ hours and two trips are actually made each day during this time to NSC Oakland. Also, much of the time the driver does some picking and routing of documents [4]. Of course, logging NSC runs this way will also greatly



TABLE VI

SUMMARY OF DELIVERY SECTION'S OFF-STATION RUNS

50 Working Days Ending 30 April

		Round Trip Time (mins)	Time fr (mins)	from Bldg 368	Mileage Bldg	Round Trip 368 (miles)	p from s)
Off-Station Destination	No. of Runs	Average	Range	Sample Standard Deviation	Average	Range	Sample Standard Deviation
MSC Oakland Oakland Oakland Airport San Francisco Alameda	53 10 10 4	4443 121 75 152 203	40-525 31-290 41-180 89-231 151-346	159.6 84.02 40.88 52.5 16.01	37.0 22.2 22.0 49.0 12.8	3-50 3-58 7-31 31-64 2-26	12.54 14.68 7.36 12.13
San Francisco Airport San Leandro San Bruno Stockton San Mateo	rt 1200	145 60 368 429.5	106-180 45-74 211-525 334-525	35.88 11.43 222 135.1	56.8 21.5 50.5 174.5	53-50 19-28 43-58 168-181	3.78 4.36 10.51 9.19
NAS Moffett NSC Oakland & Oakland	н н	215			86		
Hayward & San Leandro Palo Alto Walnut Creek Treasure Island	4444	135 254 91 120			30 100 239 28		

TOTAL 122



Delivery Section
Off-Station Runs

Time-of-Day Distribution

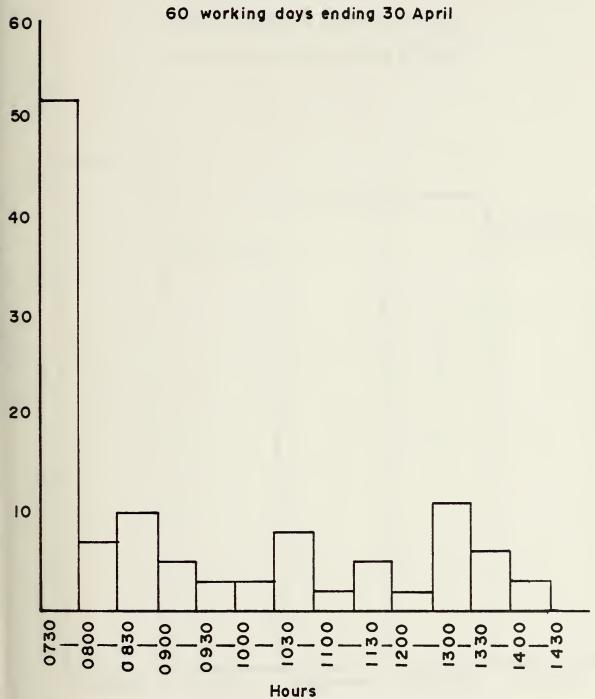


Figure 14



## Delivery Section Off-Station Runs Day-of-Week Distribution

60 working days ending 30 April

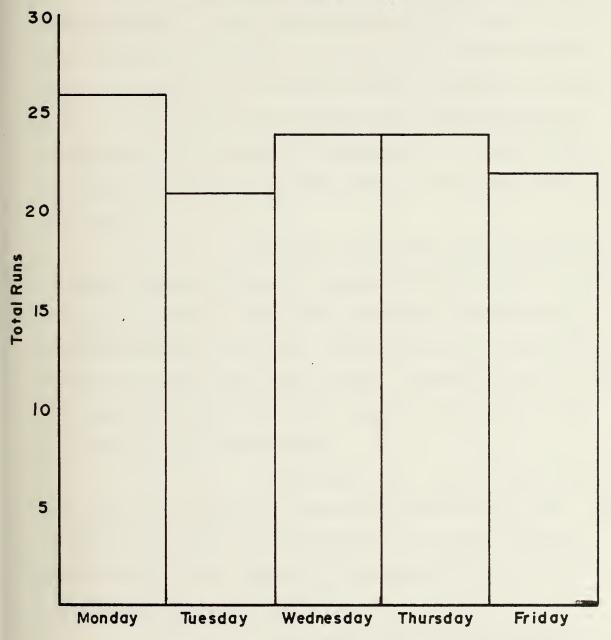


Figure 15



increase the number of runs made early in the day. This can be seen in Figure 14.

Semi-Trailer Movement. The last area for which the Delivery Section maintains a log is for the movement of semi-trailers. This log only contained information concerning which buildings the trailers were moved between, whether the movement was for a spot or not, and the time the movement was requested. Trailers were spotted (parked) at a certain location to slowly accumulate a load. This accumulation might then take several days. No information was available to determine how long trailers were spotted, what volume was moved, or what type material was moved.

The data used from this log covered 36 working days ending on 30 April 1979 and contained 206 trailer movements. Table VII summarizes the movements, including spots, and Table VIII summarizes the semi-trailer spots made during this time period. Figures 16 and 17 give the demand distributions with regards to the day-of-week and time-of-day, respectively.

From Table VII it can be seen that 127 moves (51.7 percent) were made from building 368. This indicated that the logging procedure for empty trailer movements had them starting at building 368. This was confirmed by reference 4.

From Table VIII it can be seen that 70 of the 205 movements (38.3 percent) were movements to



TABLE VII

SUMMARY OF DELIVERY SECTION'S SEMI-TRAILER MOVEMENTS

36 Working Days Ending 30 April 1979

From

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250									-													1				l
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	7	6		12	13	20	22	23	28	39	17	58	38	99	3	12	6	2	<u> </u>	70	20	38	175	368	99	



TABLE VIII

SUMMARY OF DELIVERY SECTION'S SEMI-TRAILER SPOTS

36 Working Days Ending 30 April

Spot Location Building Number	Quantity	Percent of Total
5	6	7.6
9	4	5.1
1.1	9	11.4
12	2	2.5
13	1	1.3
22	1	1.3
23	3	3.8
39	1	1.3
168	3	3.8
170	3	3.8
270	2	2.5
354	11	13.9
368 <b>-</b> B	1	1.3
368-D	23)	29.1
368-E	2 \ 29	2.5 36.7
368(Section n	not noted) 3	3.8
369	3	3.8
400	_1_	1.3
I	TOTAL 79	



Delivery Section

Semi-Trailer Movements

Day-of-Week Distribution

36 working days ending 30 April

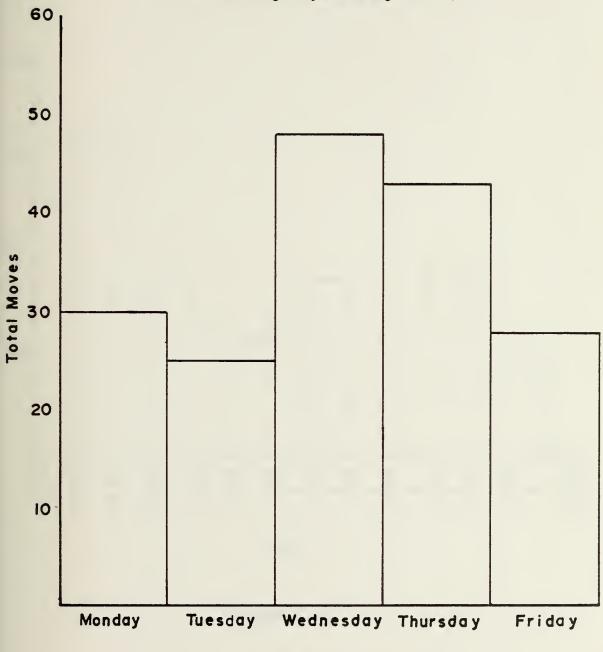


Figure 16



Delivery Section
Semi-Trailer Movements
Time-of-Day Distribution
36 working days ending 30 April

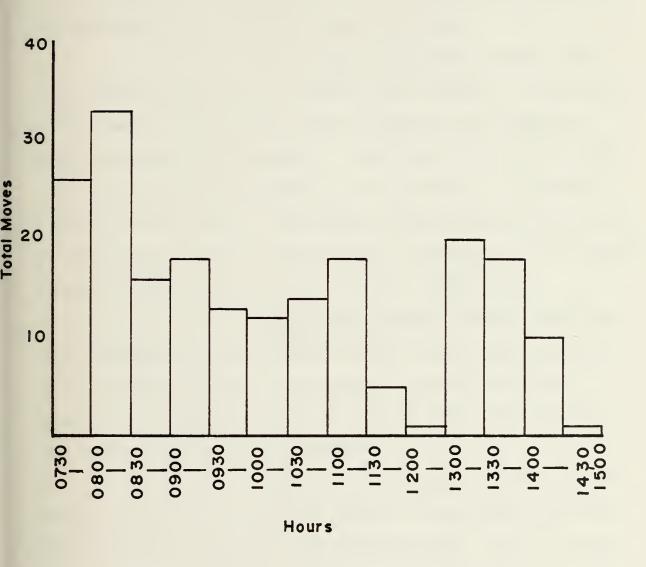


Figure 17



spots. Of these spots, 36.7 percent were at building 368, with the majority at the Delivery Section (section D). The Delivery Section uses these semi-trailers to deliver items too large for their two-ton stake trucks. Also, the trailers are used to deliver batches of material which are bound for one customer and are too many in number for one two-ton truck to handle [12]. No information was available to determine the portion for these two uses.

the number of semi-trailer moves is the highest on Wednesday and Thursday. During the rest of the week the number of moves is relatively constant. From Figure 17 it can be seen that the demand for trailers is the greatest in the early morning (before 0830). The demand remains relatively constant for the rest of the day with the two exceptions of just before lunch time and quitting time, then the demand dies.

this discussion of the Delivery Section the utilization of their vehicles should be discussed. Since no data was available for the semi-trailer or forklifts, only the two-ton stake trucks will be discussed.

Table IX is a summary of the two-ton truck utilization. From this table it can be seen that the mean utilization is only 4.87 hours per day. This is based on ten trucks. There are two reasons why this figure might be low. The first is that the lower utilized trucks were actually down but counted as usable. Trucks that are down



DELIVERY SECTION

TABLE IX

# TWO-TON STAKE TRUCK UTILIZATION FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL

Truck ! (1)	No. of Runs	Utilization hrs/day	Total Miles Driven (2)
825	57	5.8	235
781	89	3.5	495
822	77	2.9	303
319	142	3.9	433
814	93	2.5	249
812	48	5.1	257
826	30	7.5	585
837	27	8.3	574
424	24	5.4	640
435	15	2.8	441

Mean - 4.87 hrs/day = 421.2 miles/month

Sample Standard Deviation = 2.07 hrs/day = 152.6 miles/month

- NOTES: (1) These are only the last 3 digits of the USH Number.
  - (2) Reference 18.



less than 72 hours at a time are considered usable.

Unfortunately, no permanent records was kept of down time [13].

The second reason could be that ten trucks are not needed to handle the volume.

Of course, this low utilization could be caused by April possibly having been a slow month [12]. Unfortunately, because of the delay in recording on the Demand History File (the data base for Appendix A's monthly demands history), it could not be determined if April was indeed slow.

(2) <u>Aviation Support Division</u>. The Material Delivery Section is responsible for transporting material for the Aviation Support Division.

According to a memo [14] by Mr. Vranich, the Supply Response Branch Head,

The main concern of the delivery section is to meet one (1) and two (2) hour time frames on all issues including OSI, RCA pool, and expeditious repair, this includes all priority 03 AVP (awaiting parts) requests. The above requirements will take preference over any other requirements.

This statement sums up the attitude and requirements of ASD's delivery section.

To accomplish this two pickup trucks, two vans and 2 two-ton stake trucks are used. As of 4 May 1979, the delivery section had only five of the six allowed drivers (including the supervisor). Each driver carries a walkietalkie for communication with the supervisor in building 41.

Four routes have been established. These

are:



- Mail pickup and delivery for all ASD offices. This is to be done at least twice daily, once in the morning and once in the afternoon.
- NORS and NSC Oakland run. This includes the pickup of Issue Group I material from the Receiving Section in building 368, section A, and its delivery. Also, runs are made to NSC Oakland for urgent material. This is to be done at least twice daily; once in the morning and once in the afternoon. However, the portion to NSC Oakland is not always made twice each day.
- Delivery from building 41 to buildings 11, 363, 117, 170, and salvage. This is done on a continuous basis all day long.
- Pickup and deliver material from each warehouse issue station. Also, pickup all retrograde material and deliver it to building 41. This is done the first thing in the morning [14].

With two drivers committed all day for the NORS and NSC Oakland run, and building 41 to buildings 11, 368, 117, 170 and salvage run. The remaining three drivers respond directly to the squadrons' material requisitions. Of course the NSC Oakland run should always be in response to a squadron requisition.

To see what these three drivers do, their logs were studied in a way similar to the Material Division logs. A page from these logs is in Appendix D-7. For



volume considerations each line entry in this log can be considered as one piece of material [6]. So the number of runs to a building is equivalent to the volume delivered there. A period of 13 working days ending on 7 March 1979, which contained 205 runs was used for this analysis.

three drivers based on their logs. It contains a summary of the delivery times, one way, to each of the buildings served by ASD and a summary of warehouse service times associated with these ASD deliveries. Review of this table shows that the average delivery times exceed the Naval Aviation Maintenance Program's [8] for one hour delivery for Issue Group I in six of the nine cases. However, the Issue Group II requirement of two hours was met in all nine cases. (This includes the average computer response time of 45.3 minutes [4]). Finally, the time spent waiting in the warehouse for a part is only 12 percent, on the average, of the overall delivery time.

Figures 18, 19, and 20 gives the volume distributions with respect to warehouse, time-of-day and day-of-week, respectively. From Figure 18 it can be seen that building 8 and 371 supply 68.7 percent of the materials to the squadrons. From Figures 19 and 20 it can be seen that the volume is greatest on Thursday. Also, the work load peaks between 0800 to 0900 and 1000 and 1100 [14].



TABLE X

AVIATION SUPPORT DIVISION'S

MOVEMENTS

### 13 Working Days Ending 7 March

		I	IME (mins)	
BLDG. No.	No. of Runs	Avg(1)	Sample Stand. Dev.	Range
41	115	2.4	20.73	4-75
Piers	10	41.8	15.05	4-51
23	11	13.9	15.28	5-40
51	28	23.5	18.82	5-65
22	16	12.9	12.82	4-35
39	5	20.2	5.02	15-25
40	9	25.2	21.9	5-70
20	10	16.7	16.67	5-56
22	1	55.0		
Subtotal 205 27.8				
'larehouse	S	(2)		
8	120	2.7	8.42	2-31
92	21	3.8	3.77	4-70
117	15	5.9	2.20	4-10
91	6	8.7	5.68	5-56
13	1 _1	5.0		
Subtotal	164(3)	3.4		

- NOTES: (1) Average Delivery Times Time from departing BLDG 41 until the time material is delivered.
  - (2) Average Warehouse Service Time Time from arrival until departure at a warehouse (included in Average Delivery Time).
  - (3) 205 runs were made but not all of the warehouse times were recorded.



# Aviation Support Division Warehouse Distribution

13 working days ending 7 March 40 third 30 Percent of Total Demands second 20 10 deck first

Ref. 4

8

9

91

92

Figure 18

13

BLDG No

117

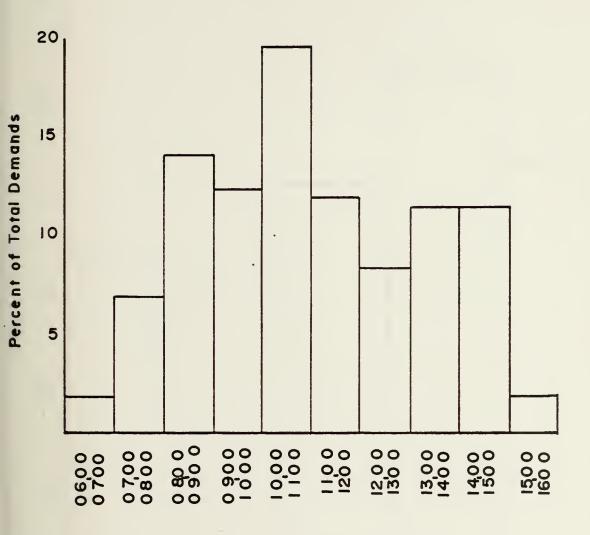
369 370

371

41



# Aviation Support Division Time-of-Day Distribution 13 working days ending 7 March

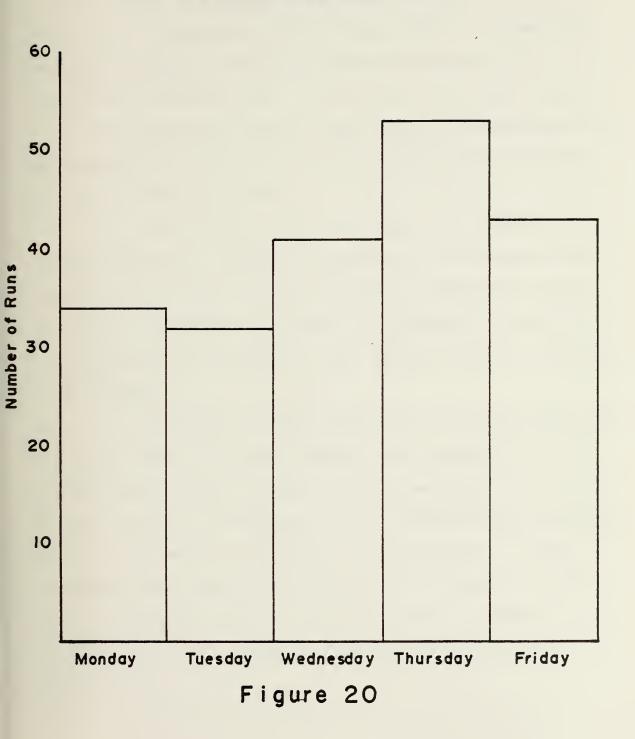


Hours

Ref. 4 Figure 19



# Aviation Support Division Day-of-Week Distribution 13 working days ending 7 March





b. NARF's Transportation Branch

NARF's Transportation Branch transports materials with a variety of equipment. This branch transports both internal material (between NARF shops) and material coming from NAS Supply and other locations.

To accomplish this transportation, 40 vehicles are radio equipped, and can be radio dispatched by a dispatcher in building 500. In addition, two mule trains, one running clockwise and the other running counterclockwise, carry material within the centrally located MARF buildings (5, 12, 11, 400, 39 and 44).

The rest of MARF's more than 100 vehicles transport material simply by stopping at an internal route location and looking at the Route Slip (12ND MARFA 4615/2: Rev. 9-73), then moving it where the slip says to move it. No set pattern is required of each vehicle, and no monitoring is done [157.

In order to study the flow of incoming materials around the NARF, a log was drafted and distributed to the drivers most likely to handle incoming material. The intent of this log was to determine the time required for incoming material to reach the internal route locations. It was recognized that some of the data obtained would not be for incoming material; but, it would still help determine the desired times. A page of this log is included in Appendix D-8.



average time spent at an internal route location is 11.0 minutes and the overall average time spent traveling to an internal route location is 8.5 minutes. The overall average stop time for a building is 12.8 minutes, with an overall average of 16.5 minutes spent traveling to it. It is interesting to note that 72 of 239 runs (30.1 percent) were to NAS Supply warehouses.

From Table XII it can be seen that buildings 5 (NARF's main building) and 400 (NARF's power plants building) see the most volume. Also, the volume passing through each MCC is relatively even.

### B. COSTS

The operating cost will be the focus of NAS Alameda's Material Distribution System cost study. The costs that will be discussed are the vehicle operation and maintenance costs, the personnel costs (both supervisory and direct labor) and the costs associated with the occupation of storage and staging spaces. Not all of these will be presented for all of the divisions because they were not available. The costs associated with the NAS Alameda Supply Department will be discussed first, with NARF's costs to follow.

# 1. NAS Supply Department Costs

The quantified costs associated with the MAS Supply Department involved truck rental charges, Material Handling Equipment (MHE) costs, and personnel costs. Also, an



# SUMMARY OF NARP'S MOVEMENTS

26 October 1979) 10-15 Range 2-7 ---8-20 5-12 8-13 5-45 8-9 8-10 1-4 4-11 2-4 (22 to TRANSIT TIME (mins) Deviation Standard 5.65 2.71 0.94 2.36 11.99 16.39 0.94 0.94 2.18 0.94 1.41 3.71 17.5 2.0 8.7 8.7 2.0 5.1 30.0 12.0 11.7 13.3 19.2 AVG 1.0 Range 10-45 4-6 6-7 8-15 2-4 7-8 10-13 1-10 8-10 2-20 15-30 1-9 4-5 2-14 1-16 5-7 2-11 2-4 Standard STOP TIME (mins) 0.5 1.41 3.14 0.94 5.55 5.90 0.43 2.36 2.34 0.02 1/6.0 --0.94 5.17 12.0 12.0 12.0 16.0 18.7 18.3 10.50 10.0 3000 AVG QTY  $\omega \omega \omega \omega \omega \omega \omega$ 300  $C = \frac{1}{2}$ 10 N 7 mmmm ろうのり Location Stop 22222 9669 BA B2



				TABLE	rathe at (continued,	tuned)	
# O + D		STOP	STOP TIME (mins)		TRANSIA	TRANSIT TIME (mins)	
Location	QTY	AVG	Standard Deviation	Range	AVG	Standard Deviation	Range
20	2	10.0	1.0	9-11	5.0	1	1
124 E7	80	21.3	9.92	10-25	21.0 25.5	16.34	5-60 10-40
02 07	2	19.7	0.40	8-45 10-20	11.0	0.02	2-15
Subtotal 107	. 107	11.0			3.6		

30-58	1-10	2-30 1-10 3-5	1-3 2-55 1-35 1-40	3-45
14.0	3.23	8.27 3.61 1.00	0.82 10.89 8.33 12.19	7.75
0.05	6.1	10.4 5.4 4.1	2.0 19.2 12.4 13.3	10.9
5-35	3-5	2-25 1-4 5-15	1-3 5-140 5-35 5-25	2-30 2-30 3-20
15.0	2.42	6.58 1.20 4.68	0.82 9.58 25.58	7.75 10.01 6.05
20.0	4.9 4.0	2.5	2.0 16.8 17.7 9.1	17.5
12	22	10	7 14 14 14	11 10 5
₹ *	17th	162 * * * 163 * * 167 * * * * 168 * * * 168 * * * 168 * * * 168 * * * 168 * * 168 * * 168	251 358 * * 398 * *	400 500 530 Subtotal

TOTAL 239 \*\*NAS Alameda Supply Department warehouses

Building Number



NARF'S VOLUME DISTRIBUTION WITH RESPECT TO INTERNAL ROUTE LOCATIONS APRIL 1979

TABLE XII

Total <u>Humber</u>	% of Total	Internal Route <u>Location</u>	Building No.	MCC
179 26 43 203 26 1576 16 14 10 23 26 27 26 20 22 71 26 20 22 71 26 20 22 71 29 29	9.072 .101 .304 2.179 10.288  .101 .811 .051 2.889 .811 .710  .710  .710  .152  .507 1.165  .153 .203 1.115 3.599  .456 1.318 1.014 8.718 1.455  .456 1.455  .456 1.455  .456 1.47	-J207 -J207	5 FARM 170204423825555555555555555555555555555555555	AALLFAALAAAAAAAALAAFLAAAAFFAAAAAFFAAAAAA



TABLE XII (continued)

Total <u>Number</u>	% of Total	Internal Route <u>Location</u>	Building No.	MCC
8 63 13 37 15 7 9 13 4 8 32 1 20 159 16 7 17 28 27	.405 2.28 .659 .203 1.876 7.947 .355 .456 .159 .207 .311 1.295 1.659 .051 1.037 8.244 .933 .312 -881 1.452 1.97 .101 .363	B64 B2	5 5 5 5 5 360 17 5 12 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 162 167 362 167 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360	AAAALLATALLLLLLTLLLLLLLLL
tal 1973	100.0			

7/4	77

MCC	Volume	3 Total
A T L	601 786 586	30.46 39.84 29.7
Totals	1973	100.0

# NOTES: (1)

- (1) Where no internal route location is specified the MCC serves as the internal route location.
- (2) Data obtained from a history file of requisitions during April 1979 collected by LCDR P. Benefeild.



estimate was made of the cost of occupying storage and staging occupied space. Truck rental charges are the cost to the Supply Department for the rental of street type vehicles from the Public Works Center at San Francisco. These charges include a monthly rental charge and a mileage charge. In essence, these charges include all the maintenance and operating costs (except drivers) for these vehicles. Table XIII summarizes these monthly rental charges for class B and C rentals. A Class B rental vehicle is rented on a permanent basis. A Class C rental vehicle is rented on a day-to-day as needed basis.

The costs related to the material handling equipment (mainly forklift trucks) which were obtainable were mostly maintenance costs since the operation costs for this type of equipment was not available. Table XIV contains a summary of the available MHE costs.

An interesting sidelight is that NAS Supply's NHE maintenance is contracted from a private company through the Government Services Agency (GSA). The Public Works Center has the capability and capacity to perform the maintenance, however, contracting this service has proved to be both less costly and to provide higher quality repairs [16].

The personnel costs associated with the Supply Department are presented in Table XV. These costs include the supervisors as well as the direct labor. The direct labor costs include forklift drivers, truck drivers, and warehouse men.



SUMMARY OF SUPPLY DEPARTMENT'S PUBLIC WORKS VEHICLE CHARGES Based on Charges in April 1979

Vehicle Type	Total No. of Class B	Branch/ Division	Mumber	Wonthly Wileage Rate Chrg.Charge	Mileage .Charge (含) (1)	Avg Mileage (miles)	Total Wonthly Charge
Pwo-Ton Stake Truck	18	Traffic Storage ASD Subtotal	13	\$142	.123	346	2,399 369 185 2,953
1/2 Ton Pickup	6	ASD	23	83	620.	854	0472
Truck multi stop (van)	N	ASD	8	86	620.	345 Total	3.4443
Average Average All	Average monthly semi-trailer costs Average Class C charges (Supply Dept.) \$4027 Allocated to the Transportation System	trailer cos es (Supply P Pransporta	ts Dept.) †/ tion Sys	(2) 1,027 (2) tem (3)		- - 5	8,129
NOTES: (1) (2) (2)	Reference 16 Reference 18 Roughly 23.6% should be allocated 23.6% = 3443 Transportation System Class	68 86% should be allocated 3443 Transportation System (	allocate	ed Zystem Clas	B	Total yearly costs	\$12,523 s \$150,280



SUMMARY OF SUPPLY DEPARTMENT'S MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT COSTS 1 Jan 78 to 31 Sept 78 Ref. 19

			nicle									ر
Yearly Operations Hours	414 414	1,382	153.5 hrs/month per vehicle	2,093	1,047	1,308	4,710	2,355	2,617	5,756	262	29.1 hrs/month
Repair Costs \$	2,436	3,247	153.6 1	5,522	2,761	3,451	12,425	6,212	6,902	15,186	89	53,149 \$/month
Branch/ Division	Receiving & Screening Delivery	Storage	per month \$50.13	Receiving & Screening	Delivery	Packing	Storage I (1)	Storage II(2)	StorageIII(3)	Storage Annex 15,186 (4)	ASD	53,149
Number	. з	a1 2	Average per	ω	17	ν,	18	6	10	22	7	S 77
Total Number Supply	12	Subtotal	Av	12								TOTALS
Type Equipment	Marehouse tow tractor (mule)			Fork Lift Trucks (all types and	capacıtes)							



## TABLE XIV (continued)

29.1 hrs/month	Storage (I) buildings 8, 9, 91, 92 Storage (II) buildings 13, 117 Storage (III) buildings 168, 169, 170, Engine Lot Storage (Annex) buildings 361, 364, 369,370, 371, Drum Lot
76.69 #/month	Storage (I) Storage (II) Storage (III) Storage (Any
	(2) (5) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1
Average per unit	NOTES:

Yearly Operations Hours	261	130	130	783		263
Repair Costs	& 1,253	nex) 626	626	3,759	14.5 hrs/month	797.1 (
Branch/ Division	Receiving & 1,253 Screening	Storage(Annex)	ASD			Storage (T) 1.797
Number	2	1	1	9	69.61 \$/	8
Total Number Supply	15			TOTALS	Average per unit 69.61 3/month	r
Type Equipment	Industrial Flat bed truck	(dasoline)			Ave	Industrial

263 14.6 hrs/month 1,797 Average per unit 599.83/month TOTALS Industriai Flat bed truck (Electric)

Total Monthly Cost = \$7,064

Total Yearly Cost = \$84,763



### TABLE XV

## SUPPLY DEPARTMENT'S PERSONNEL COSTS Estimated for the Year of 1979

Job Title	Grade	Qty_	Total Pay (3/hr)
MATE	RIAL DIVISION		
Material Control Officer Clerk Typist <u>TRA</u>	LODR GS-4 Subtotal FFIC BRANCH	1 1 2	20,832 11,054 31,886
Traffic Manager	GS-13	1	32,312
RECE	IVING SECTION		
General Foreman Inspector (Gen. Equip.) Shipment Clerk  Clerk Typist Warehouseman Foreman Warehouseman Leader Warehouseman Forklift Operation Warehouseman Laborer	'IS-10 'IG-7 'GS-6 'GS-5 'GS-5 'IS-6 'III-5 'IG-8 'IG-5 'IG-4 'IG-3 'Subtotal	1 2 1 1 2 11 24 1 1 4 1	26,395 35,817.6 13,785 12,368 9,846 46,425.6 197,454.4 448,780.8 16,307.2 16,307.2 62,067.2 19,705.6
SCRE	EMING SECTION		
Poreman Material Sorter & Identifier Varehouseman Leader Varehouseman Forklift Operator Supply Clerk	WS-6 WG-6 WL-5 WG-5 WG-5 GS-3 Subtotal	1 5 1 4 1 1 13	23,259.6 85,592 17,950.4 65,223.8 16,307.2 9,846 218,137.2
SHIP	PING SECTION		
Supervisor Varehouse Foreman Varehouseman  "" Traffic Management Specialist	GS-11 VS-4 WG-6 WG-5 WG-4 GS-8	1 1 3 2 1	22,672 21,611.2 51,355.2 32,614.4 15,516.8
- POOTALID	(30 - 0	<u>-</u>	10,707



### TABLE XV (continued)

	11111111 12 / CO	moinueu,	
Job Title	Grade	<u>Qty</u>	Total Pay (常/hr)
Shipment Clerk  ""  Flexowriter Operator Supply Clerk Clerk Typist ""	GS -7 GS -5 GS -4 GS -4 GS -3 GS -2 Subtotal	1 3 1 4 1 2 1 22	15,317 37,104 11,054 44,216 11,054 10,592 3,902 303,073.6
PACI	KING SECTION		
General Foreman Clerk Typist Packer Foreman " Leader Packer Warehouseman Blocker & Bracer Foreman Blocker & Bracer Woodworker " Forklift Operator Varehouseman	YS-11 GS-3 WS-6 WL-6 WG-6 WG-6 WS-8 WG-8 WG-8 WG-7 WG-5 WG-5 WG-5 WG-4 Subtotal	1 1 1 22 1 2 13 1 1 1 2	25,728 9,846 23,212.8 13,824 428,771.2 19,489.6 49.587.2 243,089.6 18,699.2 17,908.8 16,307.2 16,307.2 31,033.5 919,804.4
DELI	VERY SECTION		
Foreman Motor Vehicle Operator Warehouseman Clerk Typist	VIS - 6 VIG - 5 VIG - 5 GS - 2 Subtotal	1 10 3 1 15	23,212.8 171,134.0 48,921.5 3,902.0 252,220.4
SHIPS	SUPPORT SECT	<u>IOI</u>	
Foreman Leader Crane Operator Rigger Rigger Worker	WS-11 WL-10 WG-11 WG-10 WG-5 Subtotal	1 5 7 1 15	26,728 22,318.4 105,456 142,105.6 16,307.2 312,915.2
STO	RAGE BRANCH		
General Poreman Varehouseman Foreman Varehouseman Leader Varehouseman Motor Vehicle Operator Varehouseman	US - 9 WS - 6 VL - 5 WG - 6 WG - 5	1 3 13 2 2 2 30	25,584 69,638.4 233,355.2 34,236.8 34,235.8 489,216



### TABLE XV (continued)

Job Title	<u>Grade</u>	Qty	Total Pay (3/hr)
Laborer Supervisor Supply Clerk Supply Clerk """ Clerk Typist	MG-3 GS-7 GS-5 GS-4 GS-3 GS-2 Subtotal	2 1 1 3 1 63	29,411.2 15,317 12,368 11,05 <sup>1</sup> 29,538 8,902 992,857.4
STORE	S SECTION B		
General Foreman Varehouseman Foreman Varehouseman Leader Varehouseman Varehouseman Varehouseman Clerk Typist	WS-9 WS-6 WL-5 WG-6 WG-5 WG-4 WG-3 GS-2 Subtotal	1 4 11 4 30 5 1 2	25,584 92,851.2 197,454.4 68,473.6 489,216 77,584 14,705.6 17,804 983,372.8
AVIATION	SUPPORT DIV	ISION	
Supervisor Drivers	NL-5 NG-4 Subtotal	1 3	17,950 46,550 64,550
	TOTAL	291	\$4,727,090/yr \$ 393,924/month

Reference 20

No step information was available so these figures are for the intermediate steps.
WG,L,S Step 3
GS Step 4 NOTE:



From Tables XII, XIV and XV it can be seen that the total monthly cost for equipment is about \$20,000 while the total monthly personnel costs are roughly \$400,000. A summary table of these costs are presented in Chapter III.

Table XVI presents the various building sizes associated with the Material Division. Because these buildings are used almost totally for the storage and staging of material, their sizes can be directly related to the cost of occupying space for storage and staging. Unfortunately, the actual costs of operating and maintaining these buildings were not available.

For the Aviation Support Division building size is not a good measure of these costs. The buildings which contain storage and staging spaces are used for much more, and the storage and staging spaces are only a very small percentage of the total building space. No good measure of the cost of occupying space for storage and staging was found for these two organizations.

### 2. NART's Distribution Costs

The costs that can be associated with NARF's distribution of material are street vehicle rental costs, material handling equipment costs, and personnel costs. The costs associated with the spaces used for staging and storing material could not be identified. This space is small relative to the total space.

The definitions of street vehicle rental costs, material handling equipment costs and personnel costs are the



TABLE XVI

LIST OF SUPPLY DEPARTMENT'S WAREHOUSE SIZES

April 1979

Building No.	Size (ft)	<u>Use</u>
8	422 x 2ll per floor (3 floors	
9	845 x 211	Storage
91	475 x 211	Storage
92	533 x 158	Storage
117	581 x 316	Storage
168	713 x 264	Storage
169	528 x 264	Storage
170	528 x 264	Storage
361	924 x 254	Storage
364	343 x 317	Staging & Storage
358	1320 x 264	Staging
369	1056 x 264	Storage
370	1320 x 264	Storage
371	1320 x 264	Storage



same as they were for NAS Supply Department. Tables XVII, XVIII, and XIX present summaries of these costs respectively.

From these tables it can be seen that the equipment costs for NART's Transportation Branch are \$49,200 per month and the personnel costs are \$22,072 per month.

This is a total annual expenditure of \$855,264. It must be remembered that not all of this cost can be contributed toward the movement of material into the NART. In fact, according to Mr. R. Gums [15], only about 10 percent (\*86,000) of this cost can be contributed to the movement of incoming material to the internal route locations. The remainder should be contributed to the internal movement between shops.

Trom Table XVIII it can be seen that the overall utilization for MHE is 21.5 percent. This seems very good based on the ideal utilization of 24 percent (173 working hours per month/720 total hours per month). In short, the 21.5 percent utilization means that the engine is running 7.2 hours a day. However, the data used to determine utilization is based on a meter which measures engine operating time. Unfortunately, no determination can be made of how productive the equipment is because it could be idle even though the engine is running.



### TABLE KVII

SUPMARY OF MARF'S PUBLIC WORKS VEHICLE CHARGES Based on April 1979 Ref. 22

\$ 6,713 per month 311,446 per month

Class B rental charges 35 vehicles Class C rental charges

Total

Ref. 21

TABLE KVIII

### NARF'S MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT COSTS 1 October 1978 to 31 September 1979

Type Equipment	Total Number	Average Repair Cost Per Unit	Average Utilization (%)	Average Cost per Unit (%/month)
Tow Tractor Warehouse	35	423	24.6	35.26
Cranes	6	309	16.0	25.71
Forklifts (Gasoline) (Diesel) (Electric) All Types	56 3 32 91	159 1542 407 2108	27.3 35.0 18.5 24.5	13.26 128.47 33.92 175.65
Industrial Fl Bed Trucks (Gasoline) (Electric) All Types	19 9 28	369 387 757	9.0 12.9 10.3	30.79 32.29 63.08
Electric Pallet Jack	s ll	9.18	25.0	0.77
Totals	130	2874	21.5	239.50

Total Cost per year = \$373,623

Total Cost per month = \$31,135



TABLE XIX

TRANSPORTATION BRANCH'S PERSONNEL COSTS, NARF September 1979 Ref. 17

Job Title	Quantity	Grade	Total Cost( hr)
General Foreman	1	US-11	12.85
Foreman	2	WS-8	23.84
Foreman	3	WS-6	34.34
Mobile Equipment Dispatcher	3	7G-8	29,00
Aircraft Towman	9	:/G-8	85.14
Motor Vehicle Operator	2	7G-7	18.54
Fork Lift Operator	2	₩G-7	18.54
Material Expediter	1	WG-6	8.86
Notor Vehicle Operator	8	MG-5	70.42
Fork Lift Operator	28	WG-5	222.50
Tractor Operator	1	HG-5	8.44
Upward Mobility Trainee	3	WG-2	19.32
Totals	63		3551.79

Total cost per year = 3264,859

Total cost per month = \$22,072



### III. CONCLUSIONS

Conclusions will be drawn with regards to the NAS Alameda Supply Department and the NARF separately.

### A. NAS ALAMEDA SUPPLY DEPARTMENT

The overall flow processes which involves NAS Supply are effective and efficient. The physical layout of the buildings matches the flow processes. This helps to avoid excessive movements and handling. For example, the bulk storage areas are near the receiving point (building 368).

Time constraints have also been considered when storing material. For example, the local (on station) customers which require a fast response time are fed from centrally located warehouses (building 8, 9, 91, and 92). Although some of the warehouses are relatively far away from some of the local customers the longest this distance is still less than 2.5 miles (See Appendix B).

There are some areas where improvements might be made. One area in which cost reductions might occur is the use of semi-trailers. The monthly equipment cost of the semi-trailer movements is \$8,129 as opposed to \$3443 per month for class B charges, and \$951 per month for class C charges (See Table XIII). Because this is almost twice the sum of the class B and class C charges, this area should be studied more closely to determine if the service provided really warrants its cost.



A summary of the estimated total costs for both personnel and equipment are contained in Table XX. From this table another area becomes apparent. That is, the Material Division personnel costs are more than 20 times that of the equipment costs (\$4.7 million to \$0.2 million). This fact emphasizes the need to reduce personnel costs. One way to do this is by automating warehousing functions. Another way is by the use of less people intensive material handling equipment (i.e., automated conveyers rather than forklift trucks). Further study should reveal other alternatives.

There is also duplication between the Aviation Support and Material Divisions. Both divisions transport material from MSC Oakland on a daily basis. With further study, this duplication might be reduced without increasing the response time for the highly time constrained Aviation Support Division.

### B. MAVAL AIR REMORK FACILITY

NARF's internal material distribution system can be characterized as having little control. The only record kept of where vehicles and material went was the five days of logs for this thesis. These logs showed almost 30 percent of these movements duplicated what NAS Supply already does. No routes are established for these vehicles either. Each vehicle only has a general area in which to move material; but, these areas are not written down to



TABLE XX
SUMMARY OF TOTAL COSTS FOR THE MATERIAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

### Estimated for the year of 1979

Activity	Quantity	Total Cost (\$/yr)
NAS Alameda Supply Department		
Material Division		
Personnel Costs	287	4,727,000
Equipment Costs	105	202,815
Subtotal	392	4,929,816
Aviation Support Division		
Personnel Costs	4	54,500
Equipment Costs	7	9,416
Subtotal	11	73,915
MAS Supply Total		
Personnel	291	4,791,500
Equipment	112	212,232
Total		\$ 5,003,732
	•	
MARP		
Transportation Branch		
Personnel Costs	63	254,859
Equipment Costs	155	591,531
Total		856,531
TOTAL SYSTEM COST		£5,860,122

Note: Information summarized from Tables XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX.



avoid confusion, overlaps and gaps. Also, no monitoring was done by supervisors to ensure that material does not get "pigeon holed" for indefinite periods of time or that vehicles are actually moving material rather than sitting idle [9,15].

The most control found was in the material requisition process (Figure 10). Then from Table II it can be seen that this process takes an average of 157.1 hours (6.5 days) for all Issue Group requisitions to be processed. Because this process was not studied in depth, further study is needed in order to reduce this time.

From the five day study conducted for this thesis, it became apparent that the Transportation Branch is duplicating some of NAS Supply's Material Division's runs. Specifically, 30 percent of the runs made by NARF's trucks picked up material from NAS Supply warehouses (See Table XI). Because of this poor control and an annual cost of \$856,000 (See Table XX), the Transportation Branch should be studied further. The possibility of having NAS Supply deliver directly to each of NARF's internal route locations should also be investigated.



APPENDIK A LOCAL CUSTOMERS AND THEIR VOLUME

Bldg "	Activity Name	No. of Requisitions	Percent of Total
Various Various Moffett 39	NARF Alameda NAS Alameda NAS Moffett Field Naval Air Reserve Unit Marine Air Reserve Training	83,845 13,377 4,793 1,745	76.67 12.23 4.38 1.50
20 20 21 40 Piers	Detachment VA 303 VA 304 VAQ 208 HS 85 USS Coral Sea (CV-43)	1,384 900 889 515 501 452	1.27 0.82 0.81 0.56 0.46 0.41
Piers 40 Moffett 77	USS Enterprise (CVN-65) VR 55 VP 91, NAS Moffett Field Naval Weather Service Facility Data Processing Service Cente		0.22 0.21 0.11 0.07
Piers	Pacific Fleet, Alameda USS Ranger (CV-61)	47 27	0.04
8	Naval Disease Vector Ecology Control Center Naval Telecommunication Cente	25 r 13	0.02
Cakland 21	Pavy Regional Plant Equipment Office, Oakland VAQ 308	13 12	0.01
	Naval Regional Dental Center, San Francisco	11	0.01
Moffett 40	Theet Aviation Specialized Operational Training Grou Pacific Detachment Moffet VRC-30	tp t 11 10	0.01
Moffett Moffett	Maval Air Maintenance Trainin Detachment Moffett Commander Patrol Wings Pacifi NSC Cakland	10	0.009 0.005 0.005
	Total	109,363	



### Requisition Volume Distribution by Month

Month	No. of Requisitions
January February March April May June July August September October November	8,037 1,793 95 41 14,994 15,547 12,508 16,746 13,158 11,505 11,442
December	8,469

Source: NAS Alameda Demand History File.

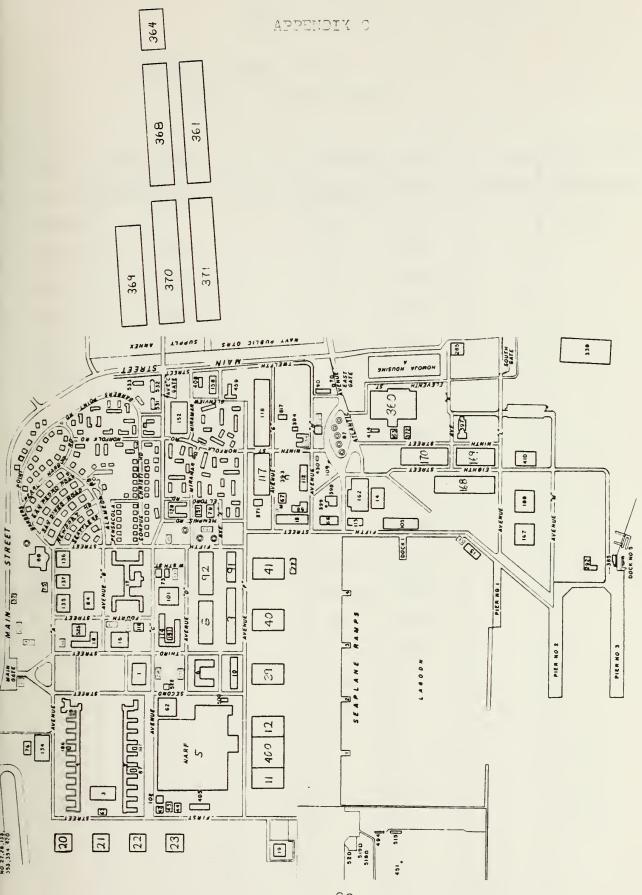
NOTE: Because of the various time frames in filing information on the Demand History File the most recent 5 months (November to April) may not contain all of the volume of requisitions.



# APPENDIX B : DISTANCE CHART

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	2 - 1 -
	69 - 27 -
	8 2 - 2 0 E
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	361 361 0.2 0.1 1.9 1.9
	8 0 6 - 6 - 6 -
	170 0.2 1.8 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.7 0.7
	169 0.2 0.3 1.9 1.7 1.7 1.5 0.6
	168 100.2 100.3 10
2	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
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23 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
22 -0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.2.2.2.0 1.8 1.8 1.4 2.0 0.5 2.0 0.5 2.0 1.8 1.8 1.2 2.0 2.0 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8
- 2 8 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
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RLD6 R. C.	1170 169 170 170 170 170 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185
88	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,







# Flectric Truck Log Route BLDG 400:5

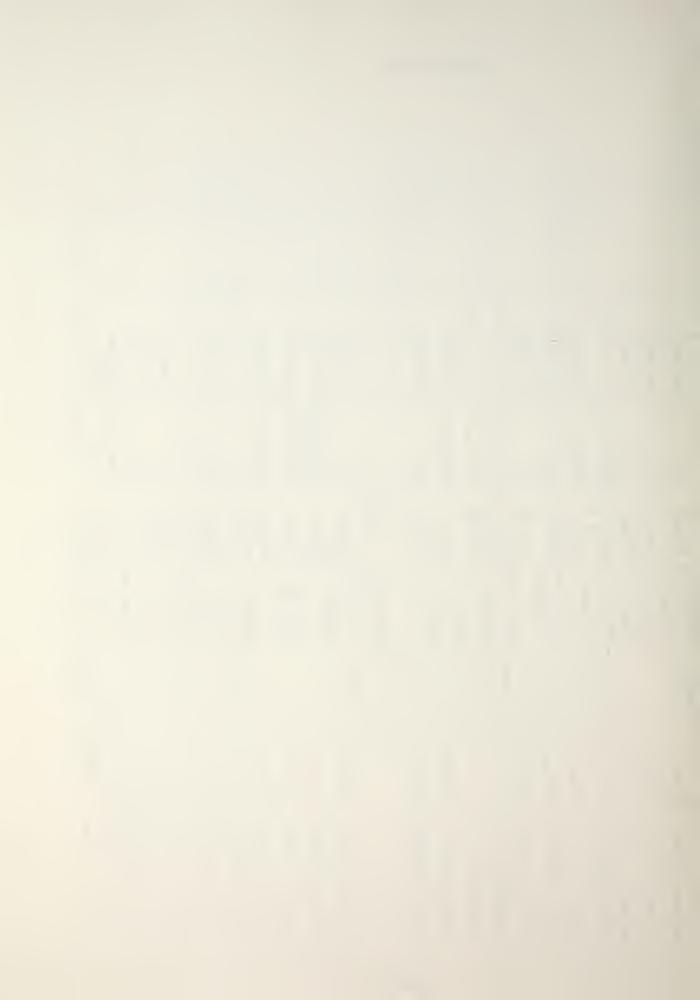
LDG	SIDE -	DRO	PPED		Picker	D UP		ODOMETER
井		Number	TIME	Doc (5)	Number 3 TRAPS		Doc (5)	READING
8	North				3 TRAYS	1027		NONE
92	South	ø	1030		Ø	1030		
9	East	ø	1032		2	1034		
100	MCC =	all	1040		3	1043		
5	mee A	Ø	1049		ø	1049		
8	North		1100			1100		
			Ro	UTE B	LDG 170	\$360		
8	Noeth	ø			5BOX 2 TKHYS	1117		
92	South	Ø			2 Box	1120		
9	East	ø			4 Box	1122		
170	mec L	2 Box 1 TRAY	1127		1 TRAY	/131		
360	West	all	1144		Ø	1145		
8	North		1155			1155		
						Į		
		•	•	•	'		•	



DATA RECORD 12ND GEN 190 (12-57) Store	age Branch's Two-Ton	Truck Log
SUPJECT		5 -2-755/1/75
11pr. 17 04 - 9815	Jel. 950 - H	USA 15/400
114 0940	JR 1025 HR	4930 151500
011 1040	12,5 00	1420 5-8.79
114 1130	AL 1315 BLO	1145 114588
DH 1300	1 1465 BM	1315 DEPLOP
11 1345	14/17/19 7520	1415
Dy 1445	180745 DD	\$785 JU130
4/13/29 & 0900 JL13		4.545 BC113)
Mores \$ 1030 M15	00 R 2940 H	1945 EILBRU
Stagge 12/310 4/24/	129 M 1050 - 11	10/5 70/426
0.1 10110	45 18 13:5 130	112 DE 11/15
000	gos MASUH	1315 5.9.79
Vesoo Ro745 R,	045 1 40	1425 04 0710
4/14/29 L0900 1/2 11	25 7160/26	14/25 NY 0805
Slor45 1/1020 1/21	15 NS 083 US-4-70	1 45/08/10/1/ 1030
20930 1,315 M14	SS 11509HD 119	1030 01/1/20
SR 1045 1/2 1455	A151036 PH	1120 (12 1330
V1125 H120/19 4/25	12/1/8/130 119	1300 1/1 1430
Il 1315 HONES 15 C/S	132 75 1520 DY	Bio 5-10-79
XC1505 120945 1569:	35 1400 011	310 6715
H10/19 11 1035 VS163	301-00 2	1945 145
AK0745 1/2/15 1/5/1.	10	1. J. L. C. S. D.
1. Rogio 1. 82,515 1/5/2	15/179	5/1/19-6710 8944
11035 4/23/29 45,14	10 158830	115/0835 750 10/34
181315 Je 0745 V515	UlS/au ):30	VS0925 1/33
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APPENDIX E

Copies of Forms

## **DELIVERY**

ING

ROOM

DATE

0F

(BOX, PLT, CTN, ETC.)

ASA 4613/24 (REV. 2-67)

TO

FROM

PRIORITY
(CHECK ONE)

RED HOT
WALK THROUGH
NORS, ETC.
HOT
URGENT
LINE, ETC.
ROUTINE

SCHEDULE

U.S. GPO: 1977-791-334



#### APPENDIK F

#### SQUADRONS ASSIGNMENT

Delivery section 368-C Annex, Hangers and Squadrons, deliveries. Two drivers assigned daily.

Pickup materials 368-A floor and security cage "Signature material."

Pickup materials 368-C Delivery section.

Pickup materials at buildings 369-370-371-361, storage.

Pickup BLK material building 13 storage.

Deliver to the following hangers twice daily All and PM.

VA 303 - VA 304 - CVTR 30 -	HGR 20 HGR 20 HGR 20	RM 137 RM 143	phone: phone: phone:	3557-3505 3697-3905 3982
VAQ 208 - VAQ 308 - NARU - PRD - X Tool Room	HGR 21 HGR 21 HGR 21 HGR 21 HGR 21	RM 139 RM 145 RM 132 RM 132	phone: phone:	2373 4620-2373
MARTD A47/CH53A	HGR 22 HGR 22		·	
Operations	Department	Hanger 23		
HS-85	HGR 39	RM 137	phone:	3257/2010

HS-85 TA-4J TA-3B	HGR 39 HGR 39 HGR 39	RM 137 RM 150 RM 150	phone:	3257/2010
V355	HGR 40	RM 145		
AIMD Supply	HGR 41			

Ships GSE DETS. Building 67

HGR 41

Support

PRE- X Bins HGR 41

USS Coral Sea (COD Aircraft) HGR 23 USS Enterprise (COD Aircraft) HGR 23

phone: 4403



#### SDC RUN

Pick up materials from 9 - 91 - 92 - 8

Haul to MARF 5 - 11 - 12 - 400 - and BLDGS 130 - HGRS - Barracks - ADM - 18 - 16 - 30 - etc.

Request help when needed to handle multi-pack carton etc.

Hourly pickup & delivery.

## MARF - SDC - REGULAR - MISC.

Haul material from --- 368-C to NARF - 5-11-12-400-170-338-360 HOURLY

At 2:00 go to HGR 11 NART's return material area. Give assigned driver in that area a hand.

Haul misc. to 8-91-92-Piers-117-13-etc. When material is slow coming in for regular assignment.

Also fill in when other assigned driver(s) are off or on leave, etc.

## RETURN MATERIAL FROM NARF INTO SYSTEM

Material from HGR 11 west side to packing 368-D -- 364 - 91 - 92 - 9 - 117 - Clamp 3644 - 371E. - etc.

Hourly deliveries or soon as material is worked for removal.



#### MAIL PARCEL POST

Each A.M. 0930 pickup 2 mailboxes at 368-A (EMPTU) deliver to post office, Bldg. 18 - sign for parcel and fill boxes. Bring back to 368-A have workers at 368-A sign for parcels. Keep one copy bring to 368-C office for file.

Repeat above operation each P.M. 2:30...

### SDC - CLAMP - NARF

Haul materials from ---- 368-0 to NARF 5 - 11 - 12 - 400 - 360 - 170 - 338 - NARF FARM

Return clamp from HGR 11 to 361 - 371 ---- A.M. and P.M. 10:30 1:30

Hourly----continued----

## CONFIDENTIAL & MISCELLANEOUS RUN

Confidential material and missel from 368-A cage - 368-B cage to Bldg. 168 cage 117 cage and bldg's and piers (to ships) on station.

Pickup and deliver materials off station to NSC, Oakland Airport - San Francisco Airport & City - Stockton - Travis and other Bay Area cities and shipyards etc.

Cive & receive general receipts for materials pickup and delivered.

Continuous -----



## MISC. RUN

Pick ups at:

BLDG. 368-3 and 369 and other buildings as necessary

Deliveries to:

Bldg. 1 - Administration

Bldg. 2 - Ship service - IRD training - self help

Bldg. 3 - Wings

Bldg. 4 - Wings

31dg. 6 - P.H.C. parts room

Bldg. 10 - P.V.C. power house

Bldg. 16 - Dispensary

Bldg. 18 - Theater

Bldg. 19 - Operation Tower

Eldg. 30 - Main gate security office

Bldg. 35 - Radio shack

Bldg. 62 - IRD

Bldg. 114 - P.W. Work shop stores

Bldg. 130 - D.V.C.

Bldg. 354 - CBU 400

Plag. 42 - Ordnance

Misc. Bldg. Etc.

Bldg. 77 - Fleet weather - Air Ops

Piers - 2 - 3 to ships in port

## DELIVERIES AND PICKUPS HOURLY

Also pick up and deliver typewriters & adding machines to Eldg 114 for repair and return to proper destination.



## BUILDINGS 8-9-91-92-117-RUM

#### PICK UP & DELIVER POINTS

- P/U Bldg. 368-A "Gray Boxes" going to Bldg. 8 every hour Return EMPTIES.
- P/U Material in 368-C delivery section going to Bldg.'s 8-9-91-92
- P/U Material in 368-A going to 117
- P/U Impress fund cashier twice weekly take to Bldg. 1 & return
- P/U Any materials coming from 8-9-91-92-117 coming to 368 Annex

Continued hourly -----

## GROUP 2 & 3's ETC.

Materials from 8 - 9 - 91 - 92 - 117 - 13 - 170 to packing 368-D

Continued hourly -----



#### MAIL RUN

Pick up mail & keys Bldg. 3680.

Pick up mail Bldg. 368-D, 368-A office, 368-A Mezz., 364 clamp 371-E walley off.

Pick up mail Bldg. 370-E off., 371-E off., 361-W off., 364 clamp.

Pick up mail & keys Bldg. 117 off., 13 off.

Pick up mail Bldg. 153 fuel br., 170 off.

Pick up mail & keys engine shed

Pick up mail Bldg. 400, 5-A

Deliver all keys 31dg. 8 1st dec't Rampateria side.

Deliver & pick up mail 2nd deck by freight elv. Bldg. 8 & 3rd deck, 370-4 off., 370-E off., 371-E off., 361-4 off., 361-E off., 363-0 off., 361 security cage east, 368-A Mezz. & off., 364 clamb

Deliver % pick up mail Bldg. 359-E off., 117 off., 13 off., 168 fuel br., area 170 off., engine shed, Bldg., 8 3rd deck mail room

Pick up & deliver mail Bldg., 370-7 off., 370-2 off., 361-7 off., 368-0 off., 368-0 off., 361-8 off., & Mezz., 364 clamp

Pick up & deliver mail Bldg. 369-E off., 117 off., 13 off., 168 fuel br., 170 off., engine shed, 400, 5-A

Deliver & pick up mail Bldg. 8 3rd deck mail room, 370-" off., 371-B off., 368-D off., 368-C off., 361 east cage, 368-A off., 3 Lezz., 364 clamp

Deliver & pick up mail Bldg. 369-E off., 117 off., 13 off., 168 fuel br. engine lot, (ETR Report), 170 off.

Deliver & pick up mail & BTR Report

Deliver & pick up mail Bldg. 8 3rd deck

Deliver mail Bldg. 370-V, 370-E, 371-E, 361-V, 368-D, 368-C, 361 cage east, 368-A

Deliver mail and get ETR Report signed by Ardell or Capt. Moore 358-A Mezz.

Deliver mail & reports Bldg. 8 (ETR Report to Bldg. 8 3rd deck to teletype, give to TAM)

1 trip daily Bldg. 8 mail room to Bldg. 292 rigging loft, if there is mail to be delivered - (no pick up)



### NSC - P M B - RUN

Pick up material from 368-0 & mail 368-A Mezz. Also material 368-E.

Pick up mail NAS Bldg. 8 1st deck Comptroller Office and deliver to Oakland Army Base Bldg. 795 rm 122.

Pick up forms and cards Bldg. 8 3rd deck.

Deliver material to Bldg. 212, etc. Ship material to Bldg. 341.

Deliver mail and pick up mail Bldg. 502.

Deliver & pick up mail Bldg. 311 - 4th floor.

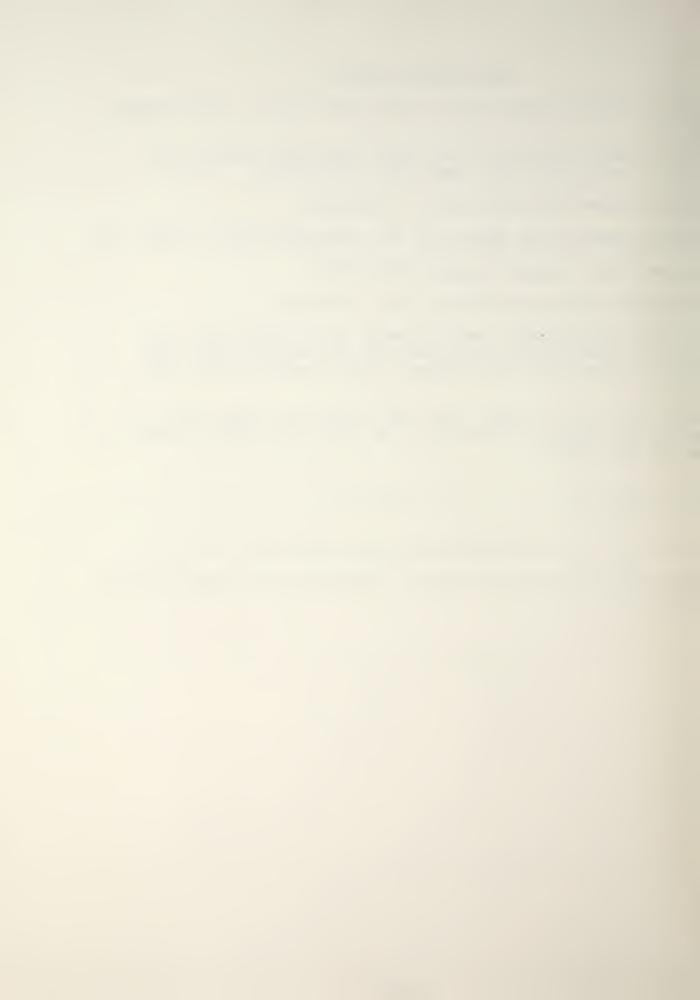
Deliver forms, cards, and documents to 2nd deck B-311 and pick up documents for material pick up, commodities, fuel, grese, lumber and stock control, also located on 2nd deck B-311.

Take documents to Bldg. 312, (Oak Matic) 1st deck, pick up materials the rest of the pick ups will be written on form as to what Bldg.

(1 - RUN A.M.) $(1 - RUN P.$		
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------Deliveries and pick ups hourly------

Also pick up material at 368-E Deliver to NSC Oakland Bldg.s 341-331.



NARE'S INTERMAL ROUTE LOCATIONS December 10, 1976



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62200	Engine & Accessary Analysis	53	JJ	338	Г
52300	Accessories Analysis	4/1	JJ	338	A
000€9	Methods & Standards	J5		5	A
64000	racilities & Equipment Engineering	Jó	JJ	338	А
64200	Pacilities Design	Н5	JJ	338	A
64311	Central Receiving	37	Jl	338	А
65020	Plant Services	N2	Ιſ	338	А
65110	Wechanical Maintenance & Manufacturing	N3	D2	~	А
65120	Electrical Maintenance & Manufacturing	1717	50		A
6 51 30	Paint & Custom Manufacturing	N5	J2	Farm	А
65133	MMF Reconfiguration Custom Manufacturing	116	5=3	HGR 12	2
65140	Janitorial & Salvage	N7	83	5A	A
65210	Wechanical Maintenance & Manufacturing	Н3	53	163	T
65220	Tool Services	ЭН	B7	5	А
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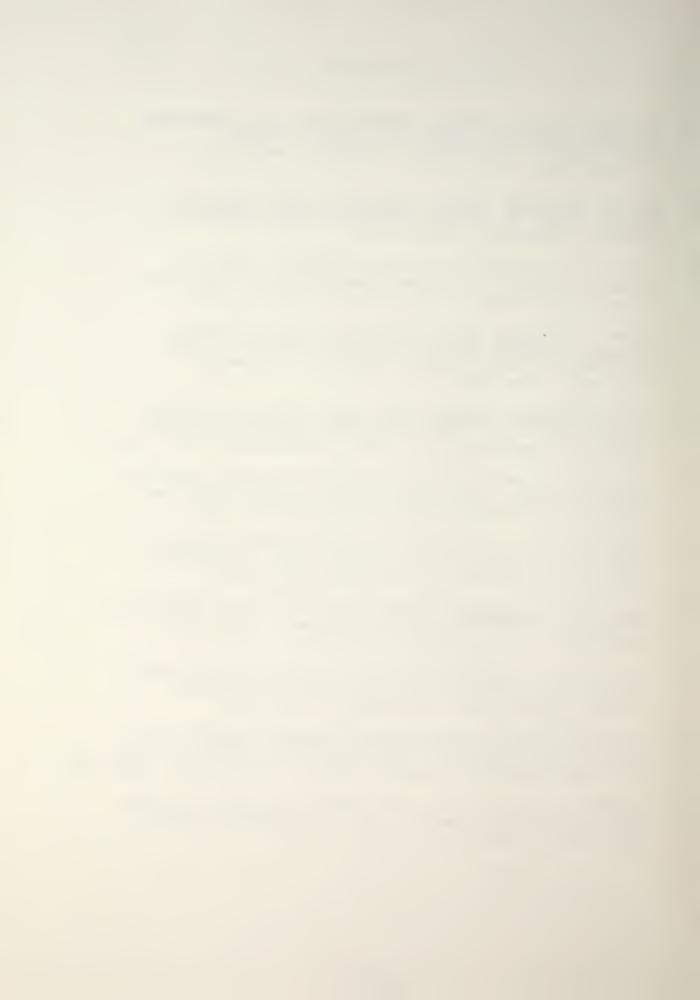
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93100	51310	К7	5B	5	A
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93200	51320	G5	E4	5	A
93200	51320	G7	ℂ2	5	A
93200	51320	K8	Hl	410	L
93200	51320	K9	С3	5	A
93200	51320	R2	× 52	5	А
93200	51320	R3	Gl	HGR 11	F
93200	51320	RLL	Ml	157	L
93200	51320	R 5	Bμ	5	A
93200	51320	R9	Fl	HGT 12	F
93224	51322	115	G3	113	L
*94000	51400	E4		400/530	) P/L
94100	51412	U2	41	400	1 . t
94100	51413	U3	41	400	F
94100	51411	ΩŢŧ	41	400	Î.

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: To be used at a later date for Customer Furnished Material.



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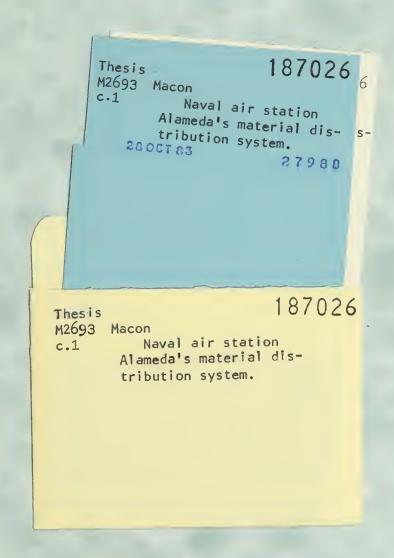
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